

January 1 – December 31, 2023

Evidence of Coverage:

Your Medicare Health Benefits and Services as a Member of Network Platinum*Plus* (PPO)

This document gives you the details about your Medicare health care coverage from January 1 – December 31, 2023. This is an important legal document. Please keep it in a safe place.

For questions about this document, please contact our member experience team at 800-378-5234 (TTY users should call 800-947-3529). Hours are Monday – Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. From October 1, 2022 through March 31, 2023, we are available every day, from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.

This plan, Network Platinum Plus, is offered by Network Health Insurance Corporation. (When this Evidence of Coverage says "we," "us," or "our," it means Network Health Insurance Corporation. When it says "plan" or "our plan," it means Network Platinum Plus.)

Benefits, premiums, deductibles, and/or copayments/coinsurance may change on January 1, 2024.

The formulary, pharmacy network, and/or provider network may change at any time. You will receive notice when necessary. We will notify affected enrollees about changes at least 30 days in advance.

This document explains your benefits and rights. Use this document to understand about:

- Your plan premium and cost sharing;
- Your medical benefits;
- How to file a complaint if you are not satisfied with a service or treatment;
- How to contact us if you need further assistance; and,
- Other protections required by Medicare law.

2023 Evidence of Coverage

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CHAPTER 1:

Getting started as a member

SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 1.1 You are enrolled in Network Platinum Plus, which is a Medicare PPO

You are covered by Medicare, and you have chosen to get your Medicare health care coverage through our plan, Network Platinum*Plus*. We are required to cover all Part A and Part B services. However, cost sharing and provider access in this plan differ from Original Medicare.

Network Platinum*Plus* is a Medicare Advantage PPO Plan (PPO stands for Preferred Provider Organization). Like all Medicare health plans, this Medicare PPO is approved by Medicare and run by a private company. This plan does <u>not</u> include Part D prescription drug coverage.

Coverage under this Plan qualifies as Qualifying Health Coverage (QHC) and satisfies the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act's (ACA) individual shared responsibility requirement. Please visit the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) website at: www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individuals-and-Families for more information.

Section 1.2 What is the *Evidence of Coverage* document about?

This *Evidence of Coverage* document tells you how to get your medical care. It explains your rights and responsibilities, what is covered, what you pay as a member of the plan, and how to file a complaint if you are not satisfied with a decision or treatment.

The words "coverage" and "covered services" refer to the medical care and services available to you as a member of Network Platinum*Plus*.

It's important for you to learn what the plan's rules are and what services are available to you. We encourage you to set aside some time to look through this *Evidence of Coverage* document.

If you are confused or concerned or just have a question, please contact our member experience team.

Section 1.3 Legal information about the *Evidence of Coverage*

This *Evidence of Coverage* is part of our contract with you about how Network Platinum*Plus* covers your care. Other parts of this contract include your enrollment form and any notices you receive from us about changes to your coverage or conditions that affect your coverage. These notices are sometimes called "riders" or "amendments."

The contract is in effect for months in which you are enrolled in Network Platinum*Plus* between January 1, 2023 and December 31, 2023.

Each calendar year, Medicare allows us to make changes to the plans that we offer. This means we can change the costs and benefits of Network Platinum*Plus* after December 31, 2023. We can also choose to stop offering the plan, or offer it in a different service area, after December 31, 2023.

Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) must approve Network Platinum*Plus* each year. You can continue each year to get Medicare coverage as a member of our plan as long as we choose to continue to offer the plan and Medicare renews its approval of the plan.

SECTION 2 What makes you eligible to be a plan member?

Section 2.1 Your eligibility requirements

You are eligible for membership in our plan as long as:

- You have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B
- -- and -- you live in our geographic service area (Section 2.2 below describes our service area). Incarcerated individuals are not considered living in the geographic service area even if they are physically located in it.
- -- and -- you are a United States citizen or are lawfully present in the United States.

Section 2.2 Here is the plan service area for Network Platinum Plus

Network Platinum*Plus* is available only to individuals who live in our plan service area. To remain a member of our plan, you must continue to reside in the plan service area. The service area is described below.

Our service area includes these counties in Wisconsin: Brown, Calumet, Dodge, Fond du Lac, Green Lake, Kewaunee, Manitowoc, Marquette, Oconto, Outagamie, Portage, Shawano, Sheboygan, Waupaca, Waushara and Winnebago.

If you plan to move out of the service area, you cannot remain a member of this plan. Please contact our member experience team to see if we have a plan in your new area. When you move, you will have a Special Enrollment Period that will allow you to switch to Original Medicare or enroll in a Medicare health or drug plan that is available in your new location.

It is also important that you call Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

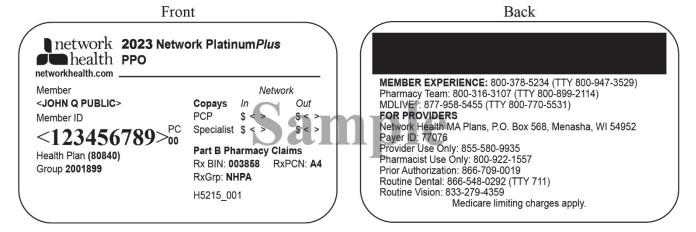
Section 2.3 U.S. Citizen or Lawful Presence

A member of a Medicare health plan must be a U.S. citizen or lawfully present in the United States. Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) will notify Network Platinum*Plus* if you are not eligible to remain a member on this basis. Network Platinum*Plus* must disenroll you if you do not meet this requirement.

SECTION 3 Important membership materials you will receive

Section 3.1 Your plan member ID card

While you are a member of our plan, you must use your member ID card whenever you get services covered by this plan. You should also show the provider your Medicaid card, if applicable. Here's a sample member ID card to show you what yours will look like:



Do NOT use your red, white, and blue Medicare card for covered medical services while you are a member of this plan. If you use your Medicare card instead of your Network Platinum*Plus* member ID card, you may have to pay the full cost of medical services yourself. Keep your Medicare card in a safe place. You may be asked to show it if you need hospital services, hospice services, or participate in Medicare approved clinical research studies also called clinical trials.

If your plan member ID card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call our member experience team right away and we will send you a new card.

Section 3.2 Provider Directory

The *Provider Directory* lists our in-network providers and durable medical equipment suppliers.

What are "in-network providers"?

In-network providers are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, durable medical equipment suppliers, hospitals and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and any plan cost sharing as payment in full. We have arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan. The most recent list of providers and durable medical equipment suppliers is available on our website at networkhealth.com/find-a-doctor.

Why do you need to know which providers are part of our network?

As a member of our plan, you can choose to receive care from out-of-network providers. Our plan will cover services from either in-network or out-of-network providers, as long as the services are covered benefits and medically necessary. However, if you use an out-of-network provider, your share of the costs for your covered services may be higher. See Chapter 3 (*Using the plan's coverage for your medical services*) for more specific information.

If you don't have your copy of the *Provider Directory*, you can request a copy from our member experience team (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet). You may ask our member experience team for more information about our in-network providers, including their qualifications. You can also see the *Provider Directory* on our website at network provider Directory on our in-network providers.

SECTION 4 Your monthly costs for Network Platinum Plus

Your costs may include the following:

- Plan Premium (Section 4.1)
- Monthly Medicare Part B Premium (Section 4.2)
- Optional Supplemental Benefit Premium (Section 4.3)

Medicare Part B premiums differ for people with different incomes. If you have questions about these premiums review your copy of *Medicare & You 2023* handbook, the section called "2023 Medicare Costs." If you need a copy you can download it from the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov). Or you can order a printed copy by phone at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, seven days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

Section 4.1 Plan premium

As a member of our plan, you pay a monthly plan premium. For 2023, the monthly premium for Network Platinum *Plus* is \$51.

Section 4.2 Monthly Medicare Part B Premium

Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums

In addition to paying the monthly plan premium, you must continue paying your Medicare premiums to remain a member of the plan. This includes your premium for Part B. It may also include a premium for Part A which affects members who aren't eligible for premium free Part A.

Section 4.3 Optional Supplemental Benefit Premium

If you signed up for extra benefits, also called "optional supplemental benefits," then you pay an additional premium each month for these extra benefits. See Chapter 4, Section 2.2 for details. Dental optional supplemental benefits are available for a monthly premium of \$39.

SECTION 5 More information about your monthly premium

Section 5.1 There are several ways you can pay your plan premium

There are five ways you can pay your plan premium.

Option 1: Paying by check

Between the 15th and 20th of each month, we will mail you a billing statement indicating your balance due. If you have prepaid for several months in advance, no statement will be sent again until the month before your next payment is due. For example, if your next payment is due June 1st, the billing statement will be mailed between May 15th and 20th, notifying you of your balance due.

Payment is due by the 1st of each month. Checks should be made payable to Network Health Insurance Corporation, not CMS or HHS. You can mail your payments to Network Health Insurance Corporation, PO Box 78424, Milwaukee WI 53278-8424. You may also drop off your payments in our lobby at 1570 Midway Place, Menasha WI 54952, Monday - Friday from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m., or 16960 W. Greenfield Avenue, Suite 5, Brookfield, WI 53005, Monday - Friday from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m. If you would like to pay in advance for additional months, please enclose your current statement with your premium payment for each month you are submitting payment. Please call our member experience team (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this document) if you do not receive your statement.

Option 2: Monthly Automatic Bank Withdrawal

With this option, the monthly premium will be deducted from either the designated checking or savings account on the 7th of each month. For tracking purposes, this payment will always be itemized on your monthly bank statement.

Note: If the 7th of the month falls on a non-business day, the withdrawal will be made the next business day. On occasion, due to circumstances beyond our control, a bank withdrawal will occur later than the 7th of the month. The withdrawal will not occur earlier than the 7th of the month.

Option 3: Credit Card

With this option, the monthly plan premium will be charged to your credit card on the 7th of each month. For tracking purposes, this payment will always be itemized on your monthly credit card statement.

Option 4: You can have the plan premium taken out of your monthly Social Security check

You can have the plan premium taken out of your monthly Social Security check. Contact our member experience team for more information on how to pay your plan premium this way. We will be happy to help you set this up. (Phone numbers for our member experience team are printed on the back cover of this document.) Optional supplemental benefits will not be taken out of your Social Security check and may be paid by check, automatic bank withdrawal or credit card.

Option 5: You can have the plan premium taken out of your monthly Railroad Retirement Board check

You can have the plan premium taken out of your monthly Railroad Retirement Board check. If you prefer to do it this way, our member experience team can help you set up your premium payment. (Phone numbers for our member experience team are printed on the back cover of this document.) Optional supplemental benefits will not be taken out of your Railroad Retirement Board check and may be paid by check, automatic bank withdrawal or credit card.

Changing the way you pay your premium. If you decide to change the way you pay your premium, it can take up to three months for your new payment method to take effect. While we are processing your request for a new payment method, you are responsible for making sure that your plan premium is paid on time. To change your payment method, please call our member experience team for a *Payment Option* form or visit networkhealth.com/medicare/member-resources to download the payment option form.

What to do if you are having trouble paying your plan premium

Your plan premium is due in our office by the **1st of each month**. If we have not received your payment by the **1st of each month** and your outstanding balance is \$250.00 or more for three consecutive months, we will send you a notice telling you that your plan membership will end if we do not receive your plan premium within three months.

If you are having trouble paying your plan premium on time, please contact our member experience team to see if we can direct you to programs that will help with your costs.

If we end your membership because you did not pay your plan premium, you will have health coverage under Original Medicare.

At the time we end your membership, you may still owe us for premiums you have not paid. We have the right to pursue collection of the amount you owe. In the future, if you want to enroll again in our plan (or another plan that we offer), you will need to pay the amount you owe before you can enroll.

If you think we have wrongfully ended your membership, you can make a complaint (also called a grievance); see Chapter 7 for how to file a complaint. If you had an emergency circumstance that was out of your control and it caused you to not be able to pay your plan premium within our grace period, you can make a complaint. For complaints, we will review our decision again. Chapter 7, Section 9 of this document tells how to make a complaint or you can call us at 800-378-5234 (TTY 800-947-3529), Monday – Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. You must make your request no later than 60 days after the date your membership ends.

Section 5.2 Can we change your monthly plan premium during the year?

No. We are not allowed to change the amount we charge for the plan's monthly plan premium during the year. If the monthly plan premium changes for next year we will tell you in September and the change will take effect on January 1.

SECTION 6 Keeping your plan membership record up-to-date

Your membership record has information from your enrollment form, including your address and telephone number. It shows your specific plan coverage.

The doctors, hospitals, and other providers in the plan's network need to have correct information about you. These in-network providers use your membership record to know what services are covered and the cost-sharing amounts for you. Because of this, it is very important that you help us keep your information up-to-date.

Let us know about these changes:

- Changes to your name, your address, or your phone number
- Changes in any other health insurance coverage you have (such as from your employer, your spouse's employer, Workers' Compensation or Medicaid)
- If you have any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident
- If you have been admitted to a nursing home
- If you receive care in an out-of-area or out-of-network hospital or emergency room
- If your designated responsible party (such as a caregiver) changes
- If you are participating in a clinical research study. (**Note:** You are not required to tell your plan about the clinical research studies you intend to participate in but we encourage you to do so.)

If any of this information changes, please let us know by calling our member experience team.

It is also important to contact Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

SECTION 7 How other insurance works with our plan

Other insurance

Medicare requires that we collect information from you about any other medical or drug insurance coverage that you have. That's because we must coordinate any other coverage you have with your benefits under our plan. This is called **Coordination of Benefits**.

Once each year, we will send you a letter that lists any other medical or drug insurance coverage that we know about. Please read over this information carefully. If it is correct, you don't need to do anything. If the information is incorrect, or if you have other coverage that is not listed, please call our member experience team. You may need to give your plan member ID number to your other insurers (once you have confirmed their identity) so your bills are paid correctly and on time.

When you have other insurance (like employer group health coverage), there are rules set by Medicare that decide whether our plan or your other insurance pays first. The insurance that pays first is called the "primary payer" and pays up to the limits of its coverage. The one that pays second, called the "secondary payer," only pays if there are costs left uncovered by the primary coverage. The secondary payer may not pay all of the uncovered costs. If you have other insurance, tell your doctor, hospital, and pharmacy.

These rules apply for employer or union group health plan coverage:

- If you have retiree coverage, Medicare pays first.
- If your group health plan coverage is based on your or a family member's current employment, who pays first depends on your age, the number of people employed by your employer, and whether you have Medicare based on age, disability, or End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD):
 - o If you're under 65 and disabled and you or your family member is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 100 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 100 employees.
 - o If you're over 65 and you or your spouse is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 20 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 20 employees.
- If you have Medicare because of ESRD, your group health plan will pay first for the first 30 months after you become eligible for Medicare.

These types of coverage usually pay first for services related to each type:

- No-fault insurance (including automobile insurance)
- Liability (including automobile insurance)
- Black lung benefits
- Workers' Compensation

Medicaid and TRICARE never pay first for Medicare-covered services. They only pay after Medicare, employer group health plans, and/or Medigap have paid.

CHAPTER 2:

Important phone numbers and resources

SECTION 1 Network PlatinumPlus contacts (How to contact us, including how to reach our member experience team)

How to contact Network Health's Member Experience Team

For assistance with claims, billing or member ID card questions, please call or write to Network Platinum*Plus* Member Experience Team. We will be happy to help you.

Method	Member Experience Team – Contact Information
CALL	800-378-5234
	Calls to this number are free. Monday – Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
	Our member experience team also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.
TTY	800-947-3529
	This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
	Calls to this number are free. Monday – Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
FAX	920-720-1905
WRITE	Network Health Medicare Advantage Plans
	PO Box 120
	1570 Midway Pl.
	Menasha, WI 54952
WEBSITE	networkhealth.com

How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision or appeal about your medical care

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. For more information on asking for coverage decisions or appeals about your medical care, see Chapter 7 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

Method	Coverage Decisions and Appeals for Medical Care – Contact Information
CALL	800-378-5234
	Calls to this number are free. Monday – Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
TTY	800-947-3529
	This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
	Calls to this number are free. Monday - Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
FAX	Coverage Decisions: 920-720-1916
	Appeals: 920-720-1832
WRITE	Network Health Medicare Advantage Plans
	Attn: Appeals and Grievances
	PO Box 120
	1570 Midway Pl.
	Menasha, WI 54952
WEBSITE	networkhealth.com

How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care

You can make a complaint about us or one of our in-network providers, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. For more information on making a complaint about your medical care, see Chapter 7 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*).

Method	Complaints About Medical Care – Contact Information
CALL	800-378-5234
	Calls to this number are free. Monday - Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
TTY	800-947-3529
	This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
	Calls to this number are free. Monday – Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
FAX	920-720-1832
WRITE	Network Health Medicare Advantage Plans
	Attn: Appeals and Grievances
	PO Box 120
	1570 Midway Pl.
	Menasha, WI 54952
MEDICARE WEBSITE	You can submit a complaint about Network Platinum <i>Plus</i> directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx .

Where to send a request asking us to pay for our share of the cost for medical care you have received

If you have received a bill or paid for services (such as a provider bill) that you think we should pay for, you may need to ask us for reimbursement or to pay the provider bill, see Chapter 5 (*Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services*).

Please note: If you send us a payment request and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. See Chapter 7 (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)*) for more information.

Method	Payment Requests – Contact Information
CALL	800-378-5234
	Calls to this number are free. Monday - Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
TTY	800-947-3529
	This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
	Calls to this number are free. Monday – Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
FAX	920-720-1905
WRITE	Network Health Medicare Advantage Plans
	PO Box 120
	1570 Midway Pl.
	Menasha, WI 54952
WEBSITE	networkhealth.com

SECTION 2	Medicare
	(how to get help and information directly from the Federal
	Medicare program)

Medicare is the Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The Federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (sometimes called "CMS"). This agency contracts with Medicare Advantage organizations including us.

1-877-486-2048.)

Method	Medicare – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-MEDICARE, or 1-800-633-4227
	Calls to this number are free.
	24 hours a day, seven days a week.
TTY	1-877-486-2048
	This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
	Calls to this number are free.
WEBSITE	www.medicare.gov
	This is the official government website for Medicare. It gives you up-to-date information about Medicare and current Medicare issues. It also has information about hospitals, nursing homes, physicians, home health agencies, and dialysis facilities. It includes documents you can print directly from your computer. You can also find Medicare contacts in your state.
	The Medicare website also has detailed information about your Medicare eligibility and enrollment options with the following tools:
	• Medicare Eligibility Tool: Provides Medicare eligibility status information.
	• Medicare Plan Finder: Provides personalized information about available Medicare prescription drug plans, Medicare health plans, and Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) policies in your area. These tools provide an <i>estimate</i> of what your out-of-pocket costs might be in different Medicare plans.
	You can also use the website to tell Medicare about any complaints you have about Network Platinum <i>Plus</i> :
	 Tell Medicare about your complaint: You can submit a complaint about Network Platinum Plus directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx. Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.
	If you don't have a computer, your local library or senior center may be able to help you visit this website using its computer. Or, you can call Medicare and tell them what information you are looking for. They will find the information on the website and review the information with you. (You can call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, seven days a week. TTY users should call

SECTION 3 State Health Insurance Assistance Program (free help, information, and answers to your questions about Medicare)

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a government program with trained counselors in every state. In Wisconsin, the SHIP is called Wisconsin SHIP.

Wisconsin SHIP is an independent (not connected with any insurance company or health plan) state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

Wisconsin SHIP counselors can help you understand your Medicare rights, help you make complaints about your medical care or treatment, and help you straighten out problems with your Medicare bills. Wisconsin SHIP counselors can also help you with Medicare questions or problems and help you understand your Medicare plan choices and answer questions about switching plans.

METHOD TO ACCESS SHIP and OTHER RESOURCES:

- Visit www.medicare.gov
- Click on "Talk to Someone" in the middle of the homepage
- You now have the following options
 - o Option #1: You can have a live chat with a 1-800-MEDICARE representative
 - o Option #2: You can select your **STATE** from the dropdown menu and click GO. This will take you to a page with phone numbers and resources specific to your state.

Method	Wisconsin SHIP - Contact Information
CALL	1-800-242-1060
WRITE	Wisconsin State Health Insurance Assistance Program 1402 Pankratz Street, Suite 111 Madison, WI 53704-4001
WEBSITE	https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/benefit-specialists/medicare-counseling.htm

SECTION 4 Quality Improvement Organization

There is a designated Quality Improvement Organization for serving Medicare beneficiaries in each state. For Wisconsin, the Quality Improvement Organization is called Livanta BFCC-QIO Program.

Livanta BFCC-QIO Program has a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. Livanta BFCC-QIO Program is an independent organization. It is not connected with our plan.

You should contact Livanta BFCC-QIO Program in any of these situations:

- You have a complaint about the quality of care you have received.
- You think coverage for your hospital stay is ending too soon.
- You think coverage for your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services are ending too soon.

Method	Livanta BFCC-QIO Program (Wisconsin's Quality Improvement Organization) – Contact Information
CALL	888-524-9900 Available Monday – Friday from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Saturday, Sunday and federal holidays from 11 a.m. to 3 p.m.
TTY	888-985-8775 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
WRITE	Livanta BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Road, Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701
WEBSITE	livantaqio.com/en/states/wisconsin

SECTION 5 Social Security

Social Security is responsible for determining eligibility and handling enrollment for Medicare. U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents who are 65 or older, or who have a disability or end-stage renal disease and meet certain conditions, are eligible for Medicare. If you are already getting Social Security checks, enrollment into Medicare is automatic. If you are not getting Social Security checks, you have to enroll in Medicare. To apply for Medicare, you can call Social Security or visit your local Social Security office.

If you move or change your mailing address, it is important that you contact Social Security to let them know.

Method	Social Security- Contact Information
CALL	1-800-772-1213
	Calls to this number are free.
	Available Monday – Friday from 7 a.m. to 7 p.m.
	You can use Social Security's automated telephone services to get recorded information and conduct some business 24 hours a day.
TTY	1-800-325-0778
	This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
	Calls to this number are free.
	Available Monday – Friday from 7 a.m. to 7 p.m.
WEBSITE	www.ssa.gov

SECTION 6 Medicaid

Medicaid is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources. Some people with Medicare are also eligible for Medicaid. The programs offered through Medicaid help people with Medicare pay their Medicare costs, such as their Medicare premiums. These "Medicare Savings Programs" include:

- Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB): Helps pay Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and other cost sharing (like deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments).
- Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB): Helps pay Part B premiums. (Some people with SLMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (SLMB+).)
- Qualifying Individual (QI): Helps pay Part B premiums.
- Qualified Disabled & Working Individuals (QDWI): Helps pay Part A premiums.

To find out more about Medicaid and its programs, contact Wisconsin Medicaid.

Method	Wisconsin Medicaid – Contact Information
CALL	1-800-362-3002 Available Monday – Friday from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.
TTY	711 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
WRITE	Department of Health Services 1 West Wilson St. Madison, WI 53703
WEBSITE	dhs.wisconsin.gov/medicaid

SECTION 7 How to contact the Railroad Retirement Board

The Railroad Retirement Board is an independent Federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation's railroad workers and their families. If you receive your Medicare through the Railroad Retirement Board, it is important that you let them know if you move or change your mailing address. If you have questions regarding your benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board, contact the agency.

Method	Railroad Retirement Board – Contact Information
CALL	1-877-772-5772
	Calls to this number are free.
	If you press "0," you may speak with an RRB representative Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday from 9 a.m. to 3:30 p.m. and Wednesday from 9 a.m. to 12 p.m.
	If you press "1", you may access the automated RRB HelpLine and recorded information 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays.
TTY	1-312-751-4701
	This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
	Calls to this number are <i>not</i> free.
WEBSITE	rrb.gov/

SECTION 8 Do you have "group insurance" or other health insurance from an employer?

If you (or your spouse) get benefits from your (or your spouse's) employer or retiree group as part of this plan, you may call the employer/union benefits administrator or our member experience team if you have any questions. You can ask about your (or your spouse's) employer or retiree health benefits, premiums, or the enrollment period. (Phone numbers for our member experience team are printed on the back cover of this document.) You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227; TTY: 1-877-486-2048) with questions related to your Medicare coverage under this plan.

CHAPTER 3:

Using the plan for your medical services

SECTION 1 Things to know about getting your medical care as a member of our plan

This chapter explains what you need to know about using the plan to get your medical care covered. It gives definitions of terms and explains the rules you will need to follow to get the medical treatments, services, equipment, prescription drugs, and other medical care that are covered by the plan.

For the details on what medical care is covered by our plan and how much you pay when you get this care, use the benefits chart in the next chapter, Chapter 4 (*Medical Benefits Chart*, what is covered and what you pay).

Section 1.1 What are "in-network providers" and "covered services"?

- "Providers" are doctors and other health care professionals licensed by the state to provide medical services and care. The term "providers" also includes hospitals and other health care facilities.
- "In-network providers" are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and your cost-sharing amount as payment in full. We have arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan. The providers in our network bill us directly for care they give you. When you see an in-network provider, you pay only your share of the cost for their services.
- "Covered services" include all the medical care, health care services, supplies, and equipment that are covered by our plan. Your covered services for medical care are listed in the benefits chart in Chapter 4.

Section 1.2 Basic rules for getting your medical care covered by the plan

As a Medicare health plan, Network Platinum*Plus* must cover all services covered by Original Medicare and must follow Original Medicare's coverage rules.

Network Platinum*Plus* will generally cover your medical care as long as:

- The care you receive is included in the plan's Medical Benefits Chart (this chart is in Chapter 4 of this document).
- The care you receive is considered medically necessary. "Medically necessary" means that the services, supplies, equipment, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- You receive your care from a provider who is eligible to provide services under Original Medicare. As a member of our plan, you can receive your care from either an in-network provider or an out-of-network provider (for more about this, see Section 2 in this chapter).
 - o The providers in our network are listed in the *Provider Directory*.
 - o If you use an out-of-network provider, your share of the costs for your covered services may be higher.

Please note: While you can get your care from an out-of-network provider, the provider must be eligible to participate in Medicare. Except for emergency care, we cannot pay a provider who is not eligible to participate in Medicare. If you go to a provider who is not eligible to participate in Medicare, you will be responsible for the full cost of the services you receive. Check with your provider before receiving services to confirm that they are eligible to participate in Medicare.

SECTION 2	Using in-network and out-of-network providers to get your medical care
Section 2.1	You may choose a Primary Care Provider (PCP) to provide and oversee your medical care

What is a "PCP" and what does the PCP do for you?

The role of your PCP, also known as your *personal doctor*, is to provide routine, preventive and follow up care and to coordinate your care when you see a specialist or other provider. This includes checking or consulting with the specialist or other providers you've seen about how your care is going. Since your PCP can provide and coordinate your medical care, you may choose to have all your past medical records sent to your PCP's office. If you need certain types of services, your PCP may need to get prior authorization (prior approval) from Network Platinum*Plus* if that service is received from an in-network provider. Out-of-network providers and services do not require prior authorization. For services requiring a prior authorization please see Chapter 4, section 2.1 or visit your online member portal at login.networkhealth.com.

It is very important to have a PCP. Your PCP can be a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner in the specialty areas of internal medicine, family practice or pediatrics who sees patients in a clinic or office.

How do you choose your PCP?

Selecting a primary care provider (PCP) is important. If you have a PCP or would like to designate a PCP, please share this information with our member experience team by calling the number on your member ID card or visit your online member portal at <u>login.networkhealth.com</u>. If you do not have a PCP or are not sure who to select as your PCP, Network Health will assign one to you.

If you do not currently have a PCP, wish to make a change and would like assistance in finding one, our member experience team can assist you, you can look at your *Provider Directory* to choose a provider or you can use the website at networkhealth.com/find-a-doctor to see and select from the complete list of providers who are available and meet the qualifications to serve as your PCP.

Whether your PCP is selected or assigned, you'll receive the same high-quality care, and Network Platinum*Plus* will communicate with your PCP to help coordinate your care.

Changing your PCP

You may change your PCP for any reason, at any time. Also, it's possible that your PCP might leave our plan's network of providers and you would have to find a new PCP in our plan or you will pay more for covered services.

If you would like assistance with finding a new PCP, our member experience team can assist you, you can look at your *Provider Directory* to choose a provider or you can use the website at networkhealth.com/find-a-doctor to see a complete list of providers available. If you have changed your PCP, please share this information with our member experience team or update your online member portal at login.networkhealth.com.

Section 2.2 How to get care from specialists and other in-network providers

A specialist is a doctor who provides health care services for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of specialists. Here are a few examples:

- Oncologists care for patients with cancer.
- Cardiologists care for patients with heart conditions.
- Orthopedists care for patients with certain bone, joint, or muscle conditions.

Although a specialist may require a referral, Network Platinum*Plus* does not require a referral from your PCP when obtaining services from any specialists or other plan professionals in- or out-of-network. You can call the specialist's office directly or your PCP can help you coordinate the specialist visit. You are not limited to a specialist or hospital to which your PCP refers you to, but if the specialist or hospital is out-of-network, you may have a higher cost-sharing amount.

If you need certain types of services, your PCP or specialist may need to get prior authorization (prior approval) from Network Platinum*Plus* if that service is rendered in-network. Out-of-network providers and services do not require prior authorization. For services requiring a prior authorization please see Chapter 4, section 2.1 or visit your online member portal at <u>login.networkhealth.com</u>.

What if a specialist or another in-network provider leaves our plan?

We may make changes to the hospitals, doctors and specialists (providers) that are part of your plan during the year. If your doctor or specialist leaves your plan you have certain rights and protections that are summarized below:

- Even though our network of providers may change during the year, Medicare requires that we furnish you with uninterrupted access to qualified doctors and specialists.
- We will make a good faith effort to provide you with at least 30 days' notice that your provider is leaving our plan so that you have time to select a new provider.
- We will assist you in selecting a new qualified provider to continue managing your health care needs.

- If you are undergoing medical treatment you have the right to request, and we will work with you to ensure, that the medically necessary treatment you are receiving is not interrupted.
- If our network does not have a qualified specialist for a plan-covered service, we must cover that service at in-network cost sharing.
- If you find out your doctor or specialist is leaving your plan, please contact us so we can assist you in finding a new provider to manage your care.
- If you believe we have not furnished you with a qualified provider to replace your previous provider or that your care is not being appropriately managed, you have the right to file a quality of care complaint to the QIO, a quality of care grievance to the plan, or both. Please see Chapter 7.

Section 2.3 How to get care from out-of-network providers

As a member of our plan, you can choose to receive care from out-of-network providers. However, please note providers that do not contract with us are under no obligation to treat you, except in emergency situations. Our plan will cover services from either in-network or out-of-network providers, as long as the services are covered benefits and are medically necessary. However, **if you use an out-of-network provider, your share of the costs for your covered services may be higher.** Here are other important things to know about using out-of-network providers:

- You can get your care from an out-of-network provider; however, in most cases that provider must be eligible to participate in Medicare. Except for emergency care, we cannot pay a provider who is not eligible to participate in Medicare. If you receive care from a provider who is not eligible to participate in Medicare, you will be responsible for the full cost of the services you receive. Check with your provider before receiving services to confirm that they are eligible to participate in Medicare.
- You don't need to get a referral or prior authorization when you get care from out-of-network providers. However, before getting services from out-of-network providers you may want to ask for a pre-visit coverage decision to confirm that the services you are getting are covered and are medically necessary. (See Chapter 7, Section 4 for information about asking for coverage decisions.) This is important because:
 - O Without a pre-visit coverage decision, if we later determine that the services are not covered or were not medically necessary, we may deny coverage and you will be responsible for the entire cost. If we say we will not cover your services, you have the right to appeal our decision not to cover your care. See Chapter 7 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint) to learn how to make an appeal.
- It is best to ask an out-of-network provider to bill the plan first. But, if you have already paid for the covered services, we will reimburse you for our share of the cost for covered services. Or if an out-of-network provider sends you a bill that you think we should pay, you can send it to us for payment. See Chapter 5 (Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services) for information about what to do if you receive a bill or if you need to ask for reimbursement.
- If you are using an out-of-network provider for emergency care, urgently needed services, or out-of-area dialysis, you may not have to pay a higher cost-sharing amount. See Section 3 for more information about these situations.

SECTION 3 How to get services when you have an emergency or urgent need for care or during a disaster

Section 3.1 Getting care if you have a medical emergency

What is a "medical emergency" and what should you do if you have one?

A "medical emergency" is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent your loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb or function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

If you have a medical emergency:

- Get help as quickly as possible. Call 911 for help or go to the nearest emergency room or hospital. Call for an ambulance if you need it. You do *not* need to get approval or a referral first from your PCP. You do not need to use an in-network doctor. You may get covered emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in or outside the United States or its territories, and from any provider with an appropriate license even if they are not part of our network.
- As soon as possible, make sure that our plan has been told about your emergency. We need to follow up on your emergency care. You or someone else should call to tell us about your emergency care, usually within 48 hours. Call utilization management at 920-720-1602 or 866-709-0019, Monday Friday from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. to share this information.

What is covered if you have a medical emergency?

Our plan covers ambulance services in situations where getting to the emergency room in any other way could endanger your health. We also cover medical services during the emergency.

The doctors who are giving you emergency care will decide when your condition is stable and the medical emergency is over.

After the emergency is over, you are entitled to follow-up care to be sure your condition continues to be stable. Your follow-up care will be covered by our plan. If your emergency care is provided by out-of-network providers who do not accept Medicare, we will try to arrange for in-network providers to take over your care as soon as your medical condition and the circumstances allow. If you get your follow-up care from out-of-network providers, you may pay the higher out-of-network cost sharing.

What if it wasn't a medical emergency?

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical emergency. For example, you might go in for emergency care – thinking that your health is in serious danger – and the doctor may say that it wasn't a medical emergency after all. If it turns out that it was not an emergency, as long as you reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we will cover your care.

However, after the doctor has said that it was *not* an emergency, the amount of cost sharing that you pay will depend on whether you get the care from in-network providers or out-of-network providers. If you get the care from in-network providers, your share of the costs will usually be lower than if you get the care from out-of-network providers.

Section 3.2 Getting care when you have an urgent need for services

What are "urgently needed services"?

An urgently needed service is a non-emergency situation requiring immediate medical care, but given your circumstances, it is not possible or not reasonable to obtain these services from an in-network provider. The plan must cover urgently needed services provided out-of-network. Some examples of urgently needed services are i) a severe sore throat that occurs over the weekend or ii) an unforeseen flare-up of a known condition when you are temporarily outside the service area.

Urgent care centers and walk-in-clinics are often open on nights and weekends. You can find participating urgent care providers by looking at our online *Provider Directory* at networkhealth.com/find-a-doctor. You may also call our member experience team (phone numbers are located on the back cover of this document) if you need assistance locating an urgent care provider.

Our plan covers worldwide Emergency and Urgent care services outside the United States under the following circumstances. When Emergency or Urgent care is received <u>outside the United States and its</u> <u>territories (worldwide coverage)</u> you will be responsible for \$110 per incident. Network Platinum*Plus* will pay the remaining cost per incident up to the maximum \$100,000 every year. Prescription drugs are not covered. For more information, see the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4.

Section 3.3 Getting care during a disaster

If the Governor of your state, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the President of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you are still entitled to care from your plan.

Please visit the following website: <u>networkhealth.com</u> for information on how to obtain needed care during a disaster.

If you cannot use an in-network provider during a disaster, your plan will allow you to obtain care from out-of-network providers at in-network cost sharing.

SECTION 4 What if you are billed directly for the full cost of your services?

Section 4.1 You can ask us to pay our share of the cost of covered services

If you have paid more than your plan cost sharing for covered services, or if you have received a bill for the full cost of covered medical services, go to Chapter 5 (Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services) for information about what to do.

Section 4.2 If services are not covered by our plan, you must pay the full cost

Network Platinum*Plus* covers all medically necessary services as listed in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this document. If you receive services not covered by our plan, you are responsible for paying the full cost of services.

For covered services that have a benefit limitation, you also pay the full cost of any services you get after you have used up your benefit for that type of covered service. The payments for services received after you reach the benefit limitation will not apply toward your out-of-pocket maximum. You can call our member experience team when you want to know how much of your benefit limit you have already used.

SECTION 5 How are your medical services covered when you are in a "clinical research study"?

Section 5.1 What is a "clinical research study"?

A clinical research study (also called a "clinical trial") is a way that doctors and scientists test new types of medical care, like how well a new cancer drug works. Certain clinical research studies are approved by Medicare. Clinical research studies approved by Medicare typically request volunteers to participate in the study.

Once Medicare approves the study, and you express interest, someone who works on the study will contact you to explain more about the study and see if you meet the requirements set by the scientists who are running the study. You can participate in the study as long as you meet the requirements for the study and you have a full understanding and acceptance of what is involved if you participate in the study.

If you participate in a Medicare-approved study, Original Medicare pays most of the costs for the covered services you receive as part of the study. If you tell us that you are in a qualified clinical trial, then you are only responsible for the in-network cost sharing for the services in that trial. If you paid more, for example, if you already paid the Original Medicare cost-sharing amount, we will reimburse the difference between what you paid and the in-network cost sharing. However, you will need to provide documentation to show us how much you paid. When you are in a clinical research study, you may stay enrolled in our plan and continue to get the rest of your care (the care that is not related to the study) through our plan.

If you want to participate in any Medicare-approved clinical research study, you do *not* need to tell us or to get approval from us or your PCP. The providers that deliver your care as part of the clinical research study do *not* need to be part of our plan's network of providers.

Although you do not need to get our plan's permission to be in a clinical research study, we encourage you to notify us in advance when you choose to participate in Medicare-qualified clinical trials.

If you participate in a study that Medicare has *not* approved, *you will be responsible for paying all costs for your participation in the study*.

Section 5.2 When you participate in a clinical research study, who pays for what?

Once you join a Medicare-approved clinical research study, Original Medicare covers the routine items and services you receive as part of the study, including:

- Room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren't in a study.
- An operation or other medical procedure if it is part of the research study.
- Treatment of side effects and complications of the new care.

After Medicare has paid its share of the cost for these services, our plan will pay the difference between the cost sharing in Original Medicare and your in-network cost sharing as a member of our plan. This means you will pay the same amount for the services you receive as part of the study as you would if you received these services from our plan. However, you are required to submit documentation showing how much cost sharing you paid. Please see Chapter 5 for more information for submitting requests for payments.

Here's an example of how the cost sharing works: Let's say that you have a lab test that costs \$100 as part of the research study. Let's also say that your share of the costs for this test is \$20 under Original Medicare, but the test would be \$10 under our plan's benefits. In this case, Original Medicare would pay \$80 for the test, and you would pay the \$20 copay required under Original Medicare. You would then notify your plan that you received a qualified clinical trial service and submit documentation such as a provider bill to the plan. The plan would then directly pay you \$10. Therefore, your net payment is \$10, the same amount you would pay under our plan's benefits. Please note that in order to receive payment from your plan, you must submit documentation to your plan such as a provider bill.

When you are part of a clinical research study, neither Medicare nor our plan will pay for any of the following:

- Generally, Medicare will *not* pay for the new item or service that the study is testing unless Medicare would cover the item or service even if you were *not* in a study.
- Items or services provided only to collect data, and not used in your direct health care. For example, Medicare would not pay for monthly CT scans done as part of the study if your medical condition would normally require only one CT scan.

Do you want to know more?

You can get more information about joining a clinical research study by visiting the Medicare website to read or download the publication "Medicare and Clinical Research Studies." (The publication is available at: www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/02226-Medicare-and-Clinical-Research-Studies.pdf.) You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, seven days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

SECTION 6 Rules for getting care in a "religious non-medical health care institution"

Section 6.1 What is a religious non-medical health care institution?

A religious non-medical health care institution is a facility that provides care for a condition that would ordinarily be treated in a hospital or skilled nursing facility. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against a member's religious beliefs, we will instead provide coverage for care in a religious non-medical health care institution. This benefit is provided only for Part A inpatient services (non-medical health care services).

Section 6.2 Receiving Care from a Religious Non-Medical Health Care Institution

To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says you are conscientiously opposed to getting medical treatment that is "non-excepted."

- "Non-excepted" medical care or treatment is any medical care or treatment that is *voluntary* and *not required* by any federal, state, or local law.
- "Excepted" medical treatment is medical care or treatment that you get that is *not* voluntary or *is required* under federal, state, or local law.

To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution must meet the following conditions:

- The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.
- Our plan's coverage of services you receive is limited to *non-religious* aspects of care.
- If you get services from this institution that are provided to you in a facility, the following conditions apply:
 - You must have a medical condition that would allow you to receive covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care.
 - \circ and you must get approval in advance from our plan before you are admitted to the facility or your stay will not be covered.

Medicare inpatient hospital coverage limits apply. Please see the benefits chart in Chapter 4 for more information.

SECTION 7 Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment Section 7.1 Will you own the durable medical equipment after making a certain number of payments under our plan?

Durable medical equipment (DME) includes items such as oxygen equipment and supplies, wheelchairs, walkers, powered mattress systems, crutches, diabetic supplies, speech generating devices, IV infusion pumps, nebulizers, and hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home. The member always owns certain items, such as prosthetics. In this section, we discuss other types of DME that you must rent.

In Original Medicare, people who rent certain types of DME own the equipment after paying copayments for the item for 13 months. As a member of Network Platinum Plus, however, you usually will not acquire ownership of rented DME items no matter how many copayments you make for the item while a member of our plan, even if you made up to 12 consecutive payments for the DME item under Original Medicare before you joined our plan. Under certain limited circumstances, we will transfer ownership of the DME item to you. Call our member experience team for more information.

What happens to payments you made for durable medical equipment if you switch to Original Medicare?

If you did not acquire ownership of the DME item while in our plan, you will have to make 13 new consecutive payments after you switch to Original Medicare in order to own the item. The payments made while enrolled in your plan do not count.

Example 1: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan. The payments you made in Original Medicare do not count.

Example 2: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan. You were in our plan but did not obtain ownership while in our plan. You then go back to Original Medicare. You will have to make 13 consecutive new payments to own the item once you join Original Medicare again. All previous payments (whether to our plan or to Original Medicare) do not count.

Section 7.2 Rules for oxygen equipment, supplies, and maintenance

What oxygen benefits are you entitled to?

If you qualify for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage Network Platinum*Plus* will cover:

- Rental of oxygen equipment
- Delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- Tubing and related oxygen accessories for the delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- Maintenance and repairs of oxygen equipment

If you leave Network Platinum Plus or no longer medically require oxygen equipment, then the oxygen equipment must be returned.

What happens if you leave your plan and return to Original Medicare?

Original Medicare requires an oxygen supplier to provide you services for five years. During the first 36 months you rent the equipment. The remaining 24 months the supplier provides the equipment and maintenance (you are still responsible for the copayment for oxygen). After five years you may choose to stay with the same company or go to another company. At this point, the five-year cycle begins again, even if you remain with the same company, requiring you to pay copayments for the first 36 months. If you join or leave our plan, the five-year cycle starts over.

CHAPTER 4:

Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)

SECTION 1 Understanding your out-of-pocket costs for covered services

This chapter provides a Medical Benefits Chart that lists your covered services and shows how much you will pay for each covered service as a member of Network Platinum*Plus*. Later in this chapter, you can find information about medical services that are not covered. It also explains limits on certain services.

Section 1.1 Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know about the types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services.

- A "copayment" is a fixed amount you pay each time you receive certain medical services. You pay a copayment at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your copayments.)
- "Coinsurance" is a percentage you pay of the total cost of certain medical services. You pay a coinsurance at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your coinsurance.)

Most people who qualify for Medicaid or for the Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB) program should never pay deductibles, copayments or coinsurance. Be sure to show your proof of Medicaid or QMB eligibility to your provider, if applicable.

Section 1.2 What is the most you will pay for Medicare Part A and Part B covered medical services?

Under our plan, there are two different limits on what you have to pay out-of-pocket for covered medical services:

• Your in-network maximum out-of-pocket amount (MOOP) is \$3,400. This is the most you pay during the calendar year for covered Medicare Part A and Part B services received from in-network providers. The amounts you pay for copayments, and coinsurance for covered services from innetwork providers count toward this in-network maximum out-of-pocket amount. (The amounts you pay for plan premiums and services from out-of-network providers do not count toward your in-network maximum out-of-pocket amount. In addition, amounts you pay for some services do not count toward your in-network maximum out-of-pocket amount. These services are marked with an asterisk in the Medical Benefits Chart.) If you have paid \$3,400 for covered Part A and Part B services from in-network providers, you will not have any out-of-pocket costs for the rest of the year when you see our in-network providers. However, you must continue to pay your plan premium and the Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

• Your **combined maximum out-of-pocket amount** is \$3,400. This is the most you pay during the calendar year for covered Medicare Part A and Part B services received from both in-network and out-of-network providers. The amounts you pay for copayments, and coinsurance for covered services count toward this combined maximum out-of-pocket amount. (The amounts you pay for your plan premiums do not count toward your combined maximum out-of-pocket amount. In addition, amounts you pay for some services do not count toward your combined maximum out-of-pocket amount. These services are marked with an asterisk in the Medical Benefits Chart.) If you have paid \$3,400 for covered services, you will have 100 percent coverage and will not have any out-of-pocket costs for the rest of the year for covered Part A and Part B services. However, you must continue to pay your plan premium and the Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

Section 1.3 Our plan does not allow providers to "balance bill" you

As a member of Network Platinum *Plus*, an important protection for you is that you only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get services covered by our plan. Providers may not add additional separate charges, called "balance billing." This protection applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges.

Here is how this protection works.

- If your cost sharing is a copayment (a set amount of dollars, for example, \$15), then you pay only that amount for any covered services from an in-network provider. You will generally have higher copays when you obtain care from out-of-network providers.
- If your cost sharing is a coinsurance (a percentage of the total charges), then you never pay more than that percentage. However, your cost depends on which type of provider you see:
 - o If you obtain covered services from an in-network provider, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the plan's reimbursement rate (as determined in the contract between the provider and the plan).
 - If you obtain covered services from an out-of-network provider who participates with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for participating providers.
 - If you obtain covered services from an out-of-network provider who does not participate
 with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance amount multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for
 non-participating providers.
- If you believe a provider has "balance billed" you, call our member experience team.

SECTION 2 Use the *Medical Benefits Chart* to find out what is covered and how much you will pay

Section 2.1 Your medical benefits and costs as a member of the plan

The Medical Benefits Chart on the following pages lists the services Network Platinum*Plus* covers and what you pay out-of-pocket for each service. The services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered only when the following coverage requirements are met:

- Your Medicare-covered services must be provided according to the coverage guidelines established by Medicare.
- Your services (including medical care, services, supplies, equipment, and Part B prescription drugs) *must* be medically necessary. "Medically necessary" means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- Some of the services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered as in-network services *only* if your doctor or other in-network provider gets approval in advance (sometimes called "prior authorization") from Network Platinum*Plus*.
 - Most covered services that need approval in advance to be covered as in-network services are marked in italics in the Medical Benefits Chart. In addition, the following services not listed in the Benefits Chart require approval in advance:
 - Hospital inpatient services, behavioral health inpatient services and skilled nursing facility stays including sub-acute and swing bed
 - Transplant services
 - Specialty surgeries such as ankle, knee, hip and shoulder joint replacements, bariatric surgery, deep brain stimulator insertion, sleep apnea and all procedures that could be considered cosmetic
 - Certain durable medical equipment such as wheelchairs, orthotics, prosthetics and electrical stimulators
 - Outpatient radiation oncology services
 - Outpatient interventional pain injections and procedures
 - Outpatient physical and occupational therapy services (including when provided during home health care)
 - Outpatient gastroenterology (EGDs, capsule endoscopy and non-preventive colonoscopies)
 - Non-emergent ambulatory injectable chemotherapy drugs
 - Certain medications under your medical benefit
 - Genetic testing
 - You never need approval in advance for out-of-network services from out-of-network providers.
 - While you don't need approval in advance for out-of-network services, you or your doctor can ask us to make a coverage decision in advance.

o Services requiring prior authorization may change occasionally. Our most up-to-date list of services requiring prior authorization can be accessed through Your member portal.

Other important things to know about our coverage:

- For benefits where your cost sharing is a coinsurance percentage, the amount you pay depends on what type of provider you receive the services from:
 - o If you receive the covered services from an in-network provider, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the plan's reimbursement rate (as determined in the contract between the provider and the plan).
 - If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who participates with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate for participating providers.
 - If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who does not participate
 with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the Medicare payment rate
 for non-participating providers.
- Like all Medicare health plans, we cover everything that Original Medicare covers. For some of these benefits, you pay *more* in our plan than you would in Original Medicare. For others, you pay *less*. (If you want to know more about the coverage and costs of Original Medicare, look in your *Medicare & You 2023* handbook. View it online at www.medicare.gov or ask for a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, seven days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.).
- For all preventive services that are covered at no cost under Original Medicare, we also cover the service at no cost to you. However, if you also are treated or monitored for an existing medical condition during the visit when you receive the preventive service, a copayment will apply for the care received for the existing medical condition.
- If Medicare adds coverage for any new services during 2023, either Medicare or our plan will cover those services.



You will see this apple next to the preventive services in the benefits chart.

Medical Benefits Chart

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Abdominal aortic aneurysm screening	In- and Out-of-Network
A one-time screening ultrasound for people at risk. The plan only covers this screening if you have certain risk factors and if you get a referral for it from your physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner or clinical nurse specialist.	There is no coinsurance, copayment or deductible for members eligible for this preventive screening.

What you must pay when you get these services

Acupuncture for chronic low back pain

Covered services include:

Up to 12 visits in 90 days are covered for Medicare beneficiaries under the following circumstances:

For the purpose of this benefit, chronic low back pain is defined as:

- lasting 12 weeks or longer;
- nonspecific, in that it has no identifiable systemic cause (i.e., not associated with metastatic, inflammatory, infectious disease, etc.);
- not associated with surgery; and
- not associated with pregnancy.

An additional eight sessions will be covered for those patients demonstrating an improvement. No more than 20 acupuncture treatments may be administered annually.

Treatment must be discontinued if the patient is not improving or is regressing.

Provider Requirements:

Physicians (as defined in 1861(r)(1) of the Social Security Act (the Act) may furnish acupuncture in accordance with applicable state requirements.

Physician assistants (PAs), nurse practitioners (NPs)/clinical nurse specialists (CNSs) (as identified in 1861(aa)(5) of the Act), and auxiliary personnel may furnish acupuncture if they meet all applicable state requirements and have:

- a masters or doctoral level degree in acupuncture or Oriental Medicine from a school accredited by the Accreditation Commission on Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine (ACAOM); and,
- a current, full, active, and unrestricted license to practice acupuncture in a State, Territory, or Commonwealth (i.e. Puerto Rico) of the United States, or District of Columbia.

Auxiliary personnel furnishing acupuncture must be under the appropriate level of supervision of a physician, PA, or NP/CNS required by our regulations at 42 CFR §§ 410.26 and 410.27.

services applies toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

In- and Out-of-Network

Cost sharing for covered

\$40 copayment for each Medicare-covered acupuncture treatment.

What you must pay when you get these services

Ambulance services

- Covered ambulance services include fixed wing, rotary wing, and ground ambulance services, to the nearest appropriate facility that can provide care only if they are furnished to a member whose medical condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health or if authorized by the plan.
- Non-emergency transportation by ambulance is appropriate if it is documented that the member's condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health and that transportation by ambulance is medically required.
- Medicare will only cover ambulance services to the nearest appropriate medical facility that can provide the care you need. If you choose to be transported to a facility that is farther away, Medicare's payment will be based on the charge to the closest appropriate facility.
- The ambulance benefit is a transport benefit. If 911 is contacted and an ambulance is sent to transport you, you may be held liable for payment in these situations:
 - O You decline the ambulance ride
 - You take the ambulance and it is determined your symptoms are not emergent

Cost sharing for covered services applies toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

Cost sharing applies to each one-way transport.

In- and Out-of-Network

\$250 copayment per Medicare-covered ground or air ambulance trip.

What you must pay when you get these services

Annual Routine Preventive Physical Exam

Non-Medicare covered routine physical exams are covered once every calendar year. This Comprehensive physical must include a preventive medicine evaluation and management, including an age and gender appropriate history, examination and counseling/anticipatory guidance/risk factor reduction interventions.

You are able to have lab screening for early detection of diabetes, high cholesterol or blood disorders. As part of your Annual wellness visit **OR** your Annual Routine Preventive Physical Exam you can have a fasting blood sugar, lipid panel and/or complete blood count included in the cost.

Note: These screening labs are to assist in early detection of new health conditions, not as part of routine monitoring of existing health conditions.

Note: If you also are treated or monitored for an existing medical condition during the visit when you receive the preventive service, a copayment will apply for the care received for the existing medical condition.

Cost sharing for covered services applies toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

In- and Out-of-Network

\$0 copayment for the non-Medicare-covered routine physical exam.

What you must pay when you get these services



Annual wellness visit

If you've had Part B for longer than 12 months, you can get an Annual wellness visit to develop or update a personalized prevention plan based on your current health and risk factors. This is covered once every calendar year.

Note: Your first Annual wellness visit can't take place within 12 months of your "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit. However, you don't need to have had a "Welcome to Medicare" visit to be covered for annual wellness visits after you've had Part B for 12 months.

You can have lab screening for early detection of diabetes, high cholesterol or blood disorders. As part of your Annual wellness visit **OR** your Annual Routine Preventive Physical Exam you can have a fasting blood sugar, lipid panel and/or complete blood count included in the cost.

Note: These screening labs are to assist in early detection of new health conditions not as part of routine monitoring of existing health conditions.

Medicare covers voluntary Advance Care Planning as part of the yearly wellness visit. This is planning for care you would want to get if you become unable to speak for yourself. You can talk about an advance directive with your health care professional, and he or she can help you fill out the forms, if you want to. An advance directive is a legal document that records your wishes about medical treatment at a future time, if you're not able to make decisions about your care. You pay nothing if the doctor or other qualified health care provider accepts assignment.

Note: Medicare may also cover this service as part of your medical treatment. When Advance Care Planning isn't part of your Annual wellness visit, the Part B deductible and coinsurance apply.

Note: If you also are treated or monitored for an existing medical condition during the visit when you receive the preventive service, a copayment will apply for the care received for the existing medical condition.

In- and Out-of-Network

There is no coinsurance, copayment or deductible for the Annual wellness visit.

\$0 copayment for lipid profile, fasting blood sugar and complete blood count if provided as part of the Annual wellness visit if it is done for preventive screening not for treatment or disease monitoring.

What you must pay when you get these services



Bone mass measurement

For qualified individuals (generally, this means people at risk of losing bone mass or at risk of osteoporosis), the following services are covered every 24 months or more frequently if medically necessary: procedures to identify bone mass, detect bone loss, or determine bone quality, including a physician's interpretation of the results.

In- and Out-of-Network

There is no coinsurance, copayment or deductible for Medicare-covered bone mass measurement.



Breast cancer screening (mammograms)

Covered services include:

- One baseline mammogram between the ages of 35 and 39
- One screening mammogram every 12 months for women aged 40 and older
- Clinical breast exams once every 24 months

Note: A screening mammography is used for the early detection of breast cancer in women who have no signs or symptoms of the disease. Once a history of breast cancer has been established, and until there are no longer any signs or symptoms of breast cancer, ongoing mammograms are considered diagnostic and are subject to cost sharing as described under Outpatient Diagnostic Tests and Therapeutic Services and Supplies in this chart. Therefore, the screening mammography annual benefit is not available for members who have signs or symptoms of breast cancer.

In- and Out-of-Network

There is no coinsurance. copayment or deductible for covered screening mammograms.

Cardiac rehabilitation services

Comprehensive programs of cardiac rehabilitation services that include exercise, education and counseling are covered for members who meet certain conditions with a doctor's order. The plan also covers intensive cardiac rehabilitation programs that are typically more rigorous or more intense than cardiac rehabilitation programs. For more information on Peripheral Arterial Disease (PAD) rehabilitation see Supervised exercise therapy benefit in this chart.

Cost sharing for covered services applies toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

In- and Out-of-Network

\$20 copayment for each Medicare-covered cardiac rehabilitation or intensive cardiac rehabilitation service.

🖢 Cardiovascular disease risk reduction visit (therapy for cardiovascular disease)

We cover one visit per year with your primary care doctor to help lower your risk for cardiovascular disease. During this visit, your doctor may discuss aspirin use (if appropriate), check your blood pressure and give you tips to make sure you're eating healthy.

In- and Out-of-Network

There is no coinsurance, copayment or deductible for the intensive behavioral therapy cardiovascular disease preventive benefit.

What you must pay when you Services that are covered for you get these services Cardiovascular disease testing In- and Out-of-Network Blood tests for the detection of cardiovascular disease (or There is no coinsurance, abnormalities associated with an elevated risk of cardiovascular copayment or deductible for cardiovascular disease testing disease) once every five years (60 months). that is covered once every five years. Cervical and vaginal cancer screening In- and Out-of-Network There is no coinsurance, Covered services include: copayment or deductible for For all women: Pap tests and pelvic exams are covered once Medicare-covered preventive every 24 months. Pap and pelvic exams. If you are at high risk of cervical or vaginal cancer or you are of childbearing age and have had an abnormal Pap test within the past three years: one Pap test every 12 months Chiropractic services Cost sharing for covered services applies toward the Covered services include: annual out-of-pocket maximum. We cover **only** manual manipulation of the spine to correct You pay 100% of the cost for subluxation (a displacement or misalignment of a joint or maintenance care. body part) if you get it from a chiropractor or other qualified In- and Out-of-Network provider. \$20 copayment for each Medicare-covered chiropractic visit.

What you must pay when you get these services



Colorectal cancer screening

For people 50 and older, the following are covered:

Flexible sigmoidoscopy (or screening barium enema as an alternative) every 48 months

One of the following every 12 months:

- Guaiac-based fecal occult blood test (gFOBT)
- Fecal immunochemical test (FIT)

DNA based colorectal screening every three years

For people at high risk of colorectal cancer, we cover:

Screening colonoscopy (or screening barium enema as an alternative) every 24 months

For people not at high risk of colorectal cancer, we cover:

Screening colonoscopy every ten years (120 months), but not within 48 months of a screening sigmoidoscopy

Note: A screening colonoscopy is used for the diagnosis and/or early detection of colorectal cancer in people who have no signs or symptoms of the disease. Once a history of colorectal cancer has been established, and until there are no longer any signs or symptoms of colorectal cancer, ongoing colonoscopies are considered diagnostic and are subject to cost sharing as described under Outpatient Surgery in this chart. Therefore, the screening colonoscopy benefit is subject to the Outpatient Surgery cost sharing for members who have signs or symptoms of colorectal cancer.

Note: A colonoscopy or sigmoidoscopy conducted for polyp removal or biopsy is a surgical procedure subject to the Outpatient Surgery cost sharing described later in this chart.

In- and Out-of-Network

There is no coinsurance. copayment or deductible for a Medicare-covered colorectal cancer screening exam.

What you must pay when you get these services

Dental services

In general, preventive dental services (such as cleaning, routine dental exams, and dental x-rays) are not covered by Original Medicare.

Predeterminations are recommended for all dental services.

Medicare-covered dental services include:

Services by a dentist or oral surgeon are limited to surgery of the jaw or related structures, setting fractures of the jaw or facial bones, extraction of teeth to prepare the jaw for radiation treatments of neoplastic disease, or services that would be covered when provided by a physician.

As a member of this plan, you have the option of purchasing an optional supplemental dental benefit package for comprehensive dental services. See Chapter 4, Section 2.2 for more information.

Cost sharing for covered services applies toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

In- and Out-of-Network

\$25 copayment for each Medicare-covered dental service.

Dental services – extra benefits

We cover preventive dental services not covered by Original Medicare. We cover:

• One non-Medicare covered oral exam and cleaning per year. *

Note: Our provider network for non-Medicare covered dental services is different than our provider network for medical dental services. Your preventive dental services are administered by Delta Dental Medicare Advantage. For a link to the provider search and the dental certificate, visit networkhealth.com/medicare/extra-benefits. You can also request a hard copy of the dental certificate by calling our member experience team.

As a member of the plan, you have the option of purchasing an optional supplemental dental benefit package for comprehensive dental services. See Chapter 4, Section 2.2 for more information.

In-Network

\$30 copayment for one non-Medicare- covered oral exam and cleaning.

Out-of-Network

Reimbursement up to a maximum of \$100 for one non-Medicare covered oral exam and cleaning.

^{*} Your cost for non-Medicare-covered services *does not* apply toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

What you must pay when you get these services



Depression screening

We cover one screening for depression per year. The screening must be done in a primary care setting that can provide follow-up treatment and/or referrals.

In- and Out-of-Network

There is no coinsurance. copayment or deductible for an annual depression screening visit.



Diabetes screening

We cover this screening (includes fasting glucose tests) if you have any of the following risk factors: high blood pressure (hypertension), history of abnormal cholesterol and triglyceride levels (dyslipidemia), obesity or a history of high blood sugar (glucose). Tests may also be covered if you meet other requirements, like being overweight and having a family history of diabetes.

Based on the results of these tests, you may be eligible for up to two diabetes screenings every 12 months.

In- and Out-of-Network

There is no coinsurance. copayment or deductible for the Medicare-covered diabetes screening tests.



Diabetes self-management training, diabetic services and supplies

For all people who have diabetes (insulin and non-insulin users). Covered services include:

- Supplies to monitor your blood glucose: Accu-Chek or OneTouch blood glucose monitor, Accu-Chek or OneTouch blood glucose test strips, covered lancet devices and lancets, and covered glucose-control solutions for checking the accuracy of test strips and monitors.
- For people with diabetes who have severe diabetic foot disease: One pair per calendar year of therapeutic custommolded shoes (including inserts provided with such shoes) and two additional pairs of inserts, or one pair of depth shoes and three pairs of inserts (not including the non-customized removable inserts provided with such shoes). Coverage includes fitting.
- Diabetes self-management training is covered under certain conditions.

Note: Preferred supplies for your continuous glucose monitoring device are also covered at no cost. Preferred devices are FreeStyle Libre and Dexcom.

In- and Out-of-Network

- **\$0** copayment for beneficiaries eligible for diabetes selfmanagement training.
- **\$0** copayment for Accu-Chek or OneTouch test strips and each covered diabetic supply item up to a 90-day supply.
- **\$0** copayment for FreeStyle Libre and Dexcom supplies.
- \$10 copayment for each pair of Medicare-covered diabetic therapeutic shoes or inserts.

What you must pay when you get these services

Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies

(For a definition of "durable medical equipment," see Chapter 10 of this document as well as Chapter 3, Section 7.)

Covered items include, but are not limited to: wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, and walkers.

We cover all medically necessary DME covered by Original Medicare. If our supplier in your area does not carry a particular brand or manufacturer, you may ask them if they can special order it for you. The most recent list of suppliers is available on our website at networkhealth.com.

Note: As a newly enrolled member under a current durable medical equipment rental agreement you will need to start your 13-month rental agreement over unless you can provide proof of rental documentation from your durable medical equipment supplier. For more information, please contact our member experience team.

To acquire ownership for certain types of durable medical equipment, the plan will pay the fee schedule amounts on a monthly rental basis, not to exceed a period of continuous use of 13 months. In the tenth month of rental, you may be given a purchase option. In some cases, as a member of Network Platinum*Plus*, some rented durable medical equipment items such as oxygen equipment may not be eligible for ownership, no matter how many copayments you make for the item while a member of our plan. The plan will make monthly rental payments for up to 36 months during a period of continuous use. However, for oxygen equipment, once the 36-month payment cap has been reached, the supplier retains ownership of the equipment. Title of the equipment does not transfer to you.

Additionally, the supplier who received payment for the 36th rental month must continue to provide the oxygen equipment and contents until the reasonable useful lifetime of the equipment has been reached (five years), or as long as you have a medical need for the oxygen. If you still need the equipment - you meet the medical necessity for the oxygen- after the five year reasonable useful lifetime of the equipment has been reached, a new capped rental period may begin.

Note: DME purchased at a retail store is not a covered benefit, this includes both online and brick and mortar retail stores.

If you have questions about your medical costs or have received DME when you travel, please call our member experience team.

In- and Out-of-Network

Services may require that your provider get prior authorization (approval in advance). Please have your provider contact the plan for more details.

20% of the cost for each Medicare-covered durable medical service or item.

Your cost sharing for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage is **20%** of the Medicare approved amount, every month for the first 36 months.

After 36 months of continuous oxygen equipment coverage, your cost sharing will be **0%** for maintenance and servicing for the remainder of the reasonable useful lifetime (five years) If your equipment is replaced, a new 36-month capped rental period will begin and your cost sharing will be **20%** of the Medicare approved amount, every month.

What you must pay when you get these services

Emergency care

Emergency care refers to services that are:

- Furnished by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services, and
- Needed to evaluate or stabilize an emergency medical condition.

A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb or loss of function of a limb. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

Cost sharing for necessary emergency services furnished out-ofnetwork is the same as for such services furnished in-network.

If you are admitted as an inpatient within 24 hours for the same condition, you pay \$0 for emergency room visit.

Note: Medicare Part B generally doesn't pay for self-administered drugs (SADs) or over-the-counter (OTC) medications that you receive in the emergency room. Self-administered drugs may be covered under your Part D benefit; however there is no Part D coverage for over-the-counter medications.

When Emergency care is received <u>outside the United States and its</u> <u>territories (worldwide coverage)</u>, you will be responsible for \$110 per incident. Network Platinum*Plus* will pay the remaining cost per incident up to the maximum \$100,000 every year. Some facilities may bill Network Health directly, and this is the preferred method, using U.S. dollars. Other facilities may require you to pay the full cost of your care, and you will need to ask us to reimburse you for your costs. In this situation, you will be required to provide documents that may include a copy of the bill, proof of payment and English-language medical records (charges should be converted to U.S. dollars) for reimbursement up to the maximum of \$100,000. Prescription drugs are not covered. *

Cost sharing for covered services within the United States and its territories applies toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

In- and Out-of-Network

\$110 copayment each Medicarecovered emergency room visit within the United States and its territories.

\$110 per incident for each non-Medicare covered emergency room visit outside the United States and its territories.

^{*} Cost sharing for covered services outside the United States and its territories (worldwide coverage) does not apply toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

Medicare-covered hearing exam.

What you must pay when you Services that are covered for you get these services **In-Network** Fitness program 0% of the cost when using your Your fitness program includes access to fitness centers, in-person and online fitness events, and fitness classes for all levels. Your fitness fitness program. program travels with you, with on-demand digital fitness classes, live **Out-of-Network** virtual classes and more than 16,000 fitness center locations When going to a non-contracted nationwide. health club facility, fitness Visit <u>networkhealth.com/medicare/extra-benefits</u> for more center membership charges will information. apply. We do not reimburse for these fees. Hearing services Cost sharing for Medicarecovered services applies toward Diagnostic hearing and balance evaluations performed by your the annual out-of-pocket provider to determine if you need medical treatment are covered as maximum. outpatient care when furnished by a physician, audiologist, or other qualified provider. In- and Out-of-Network \$25 copayment for each

What you must pay when you Services that are covered for you get these services **Hearing services – extra benefits** In-Network We also cover hearing services not covered by Original Medicare. **\$495 - \$1,695** copayment per We cover: hearing aid.* - Hearing aids, up to one per ear each calendar year. Choose from a \$0 copayment for each nonwide selection of quality, brand name hearing aids. A hearing aid Medicare covered routine fitting is included with purchase of a hearing aid. Hearing aids are hearing exam.* only covered when purchased through the plan's approved partner. **Out-of-Network** - One non-Medicare covered routine hearing exam per calendar year **\$495 - \$1,695** copayment per is covered. hearing aid. Hearing aids must To learn more about how to use your hearing aid and routine hearing be purchased through the plan's exam benefits, visit networkhealth.com/medicare/extra-benefits. approved partner.* Note: Our provider network for hearing aids and routine hearing \$40 copayment for a non-Medicare covered routine exams is different than our provider network for medical hearing services. For more information and to find a provider, visit hearing exam. networkhealth.com/medicare/extra-benefits. If you choose to use an out-of-network provider for your routine hearing exam, the plan will pay up to the maximum in-network provider fee schedule. You will be responsible any difference between the maximum fee schedule, and the amount charged by your

provider.

^{*} Your cost for hearing aids and routine hearing exam *does not* apply toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

What you must pay when you Services that are covered for you get these services

Help with Certain Chronic Conditions

- Acupuncture
 - o Up to 12 visits per year are covered for members who are undergoing chemotherapy and experiencing severe nausea.
- **Transportation**
 - o Up to 24 one-way trips per year for members diagnosed with End-Stage Renal Disease to get to and from dialysis for treatment. Trips must be booked through our approved vendor "Aryv".
- Home or Office-Based Palliative Care for members with cancer, congestive heart failure, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, chronic kidney disease, end-stage renal disease, rheumatoid arthritis, Alzheimer's, Parkinson's, multiple sclerosis and/or liver cirrhosis.
 - o This benefit includes one initial consultation and evaluation, and two follow-up visits.
 - o Care managers will coordinate a PCP or Specialist referral to a home care provider to provide this service.

In- and Out-of-Network

\$0 copayment for each acupuncture treatment.

\$0 copayment for each one-way transportation for dialysis treatment.

\$0 copayment for each home or office-based palliative care visit.



HIV screening

For people who ask for an HIV screening test or who are at increased risk for HIV infection, we cover:

• One screening exam every 12 months

For women who are pregnant, we cover:

Up to three screening exams during a pregnancy

In- and Out-of-Network

There is no coinsurance, copayment or deductible for members eligible for Medicarecovered preventive HIV screening.

What you must pay when you get these services

Home health agency care

Prior to receiving home health services, a doctor must certify that you need home health services and will order home health services to be provided by a home health agency. You must be homebound, which means leaving home is a major effort.

Covered services include, but are not limited to:

- Part-time or intermittent skilled nursing and home health aide services (To be covered under the home health care benefit, your skilled nursing and home health aide services combined must total fewer than eight hours per day and 35 hours per week.)
- Physical therapy, occupational therapy and speech therapy
 - Physical, occupational and speech therapy services provided by an outpatient provider while you are receiving any home care services are not covered unless the home care agency agrees to cover the cost of the outpatient therapies.
- Medical and social services
- Medical equipment and supplies

Cost sharing for covered services applies toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

In- and Out-of-Network

\$0 copayment for Medicare-covered home health visit.

What you must pay when you get these services

Home infusion therapy

Home infusion therapy involves the intravenous or subcutaneous administration of drugs or biologicals to an individual at home. The components needed to perform home infusion include the drug (for example, antivirals, immune globulin), equipment (for example, a pump), and supplies (for example, tubing and catheters).

Covered services include, but are not limited to:

- Professional services, including nursing services, furnished in accordance with the plan of care
- Patient training and education not otherwise covered under the durable medical equipment benefit
- Remote monitoring
- Monitoring services for the provision of home infusion therapy and home infusion drugs furnished by a qualified home infusion therapy supplier

Note: If additional services are performed and the cost sharing for those services is not listed here, they will be subject to the cost sharing described elsewhere in this chart.

In- and Out-of-Network

In-Network services may require that your provider get prior authorization (approval in advance). Please have your provider contact the plan for more details.

\$0 copayment for Medicare-covered home health visit.

20% of the cost for each Medicare-covered Part B drug.

20% of the cost for each Medicare-covered durable medical service or item.

Hospice care

You are eligible for the hospice benefit when your doctor and the hospice medical director have given you a terminal prognosis certifying that you're terminally ill and have six months or less to live if your illness runs its normal course. You may receive care from any Medicare-certified hospice program. Your plan is obligated to help you find Medicare-certified hospice programs in the plan's service area, including those the MA organization owns, controls, or has a financial interest in. Your hospice doctor can be an in-network provider or an out-of-network provider.

Covered services include:

- Drugs for symptom control and pain relief
- Short-term respite care
- Home care

When you are admitted to a hospice you have the right to remain in your plan; if you chose to remain in your plan you must continue to pay plan premiums.

When you enroll in a Medicarecertified hospice program, your hospice services and your Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis are paid for by Original Medicare, not Network Platinum*Plus*.

In- and Out-of-Network

\$0 copayment for hospice consultation.

What you must pay when you get these services

Hospice care (continued)

For hospice services and for services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are related to your terminal prognosis: Original Medicare (rather than our plan) will pay your hospice provider for your hospice services and any Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis. While you are in the hospice program, your hospice provider will bill Original Medicare for the services that Original Medicare pays for. You will be billed Original Medicare cost sharing.

For services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are not related to your terminal prognosis: If you need non-emergency, non-urgently needed services that are covered under Medicare Part A or B and that are not related to your terminal prognosis, your cost for these services depends on whether you use a provider in our plan's network and follow plan rules (such as if there is a requirement to obtain prior authorization).

- If you obtain the covered services from an in-network provider and follow plan rules for obtaining service, you only pay the plan cost-sharing amount for in-network services.
- If you obtain the covered services from an out-of-network provider, you pay the plan cost sharing for out-of-network services.

For services that are covered by Network Platinum Plus but are not covered by Medicare Part A or B: Network Platinum Plus will continue to cover plan-covered services that are not covered under Part A or B whether or not they are related to your terminal prognosis. You pay your plan cost-sharing amount for these services.

Note: If you need non-hospice care (care that is not related to your terminal prognosis), you should contact us to arrange the services. Getting your non-hospice care through our in-network providers will lower your share of the costs for the services.

Our plan covers hospice consultation services (one time only) for a terminally ill person who hasn't elected the hospice benefit.

What you must pay when you get these services



É Immunizations

Covered Medicare Part B services include:

- Pneumonia vaccine
- Flu shots, once each flu season in the fall and winter, with additional flu shots if medically necessary
- Hepatitis B vaccine if you are at high or intermediate risk of getting hepatitis B
- COVID-19 vaccine
- Other vaccines if you are at risk and they meet Medicare Part B coverage rules, such as tetanus, or tetanus, diphtheria and pertussis, or tetanus and diphtheria when related to the treatment of an injury or direct exposure to a disease or condition

Immunizations are generally covered under Medicare Part B if they are being administered for medical treatment or in relation to an injury.

Note: Vaccines for shingles, such as Shingrix®, tetanus/diphtheria/pertussis prevention and travel are not covered under this plan.

In- and Out-of-Network

There is no coinsurance. copayment or deductible for the pneumonia, influenza, hepatitis B and COVID-19 vaccines.

\$0 copayment for all other Medicare Part B covered immunizations.

Inpatient hospital care

Includes inpatient acute, inpatient rehabilitation, long-term care hospitals and other types of inpatient hospital services. Inpatient hospital care starts the day you are formally admitted to the hospital with a doctor's order. The day before you are discharged is your last inpatient day.

Covered services include but are not limited to:

- Semi-private room (or a private room if medically necessary)
- Meals including special diets
- Regular nursing services
- Costs of special care units (such as intensive care or coronary care units)
- Drugs and medications
- Lab tests
- X-rays and other radiology services
- Necessary surgical and medical supplies
- Use of appliances, such as wheelchairs

Cost sharing for covered services applies toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

Per admission you pay In- and Out-of-Network

All In-Network hospital inpatient services, including medical, surgical, behavioral health and rehabilitation require that your provider notify us in advance. Please have your provider contact the plan for more details.

\$175 copayment per day for days 1-5 of a Medicare-covered inpatient hospital stay.

What you must pay when you get these services

Inpatient hospital care (continued)

Operating and recovery room costs

- Physical, occupational and speech language therapy
- Inpatient substance abuse services
- Under certain conditions, the following types of transplants are covered: corneal, kidney, kidney-pancreatic, heart, liver, lung, heart/lung, bone marrow, stem cell, and intestinal/multivisceral. If you need a transplant, we will arrange to have your case reviewed by a Medicare-approved transplant center that will decide whether you are a candidate for a transplant. Transplant providers may be local or outside of the service area. If our in-network transplant services are outside the community pattern of care, you may choose to go locally as long as the local transplant providers are willing to accept the Original Medicare rate. If Network PlatinumPlus provides transplant services at a location outside the pattern of care for transplants in your community and you choose to obtain transplants at this distant location, we will arrange or pay for appropriate lodging and transportation costs for you and a companion. Facilities located within the Network Platinum*Plus* service area and in the Madison or Milwaukee metropolitan areas are considered within the normal community patterns of care. Indiana University Health is also considered in the normal community patterns of care for intestinal transplants only.

Transportation and lodging are covered up to \$5,000 each plan year.

- Only travel and lodging expenses incurred during the period that begins with the first date of service for the transplant and ending 180 days after the transplant are covered
- Lodging and reimbursement is limited to the United States General Services Administration per diem rate
- Mileage reimbursement is limited to the Internal Revenue Service medical rate
- Only the following types of travel expenses are reimbursable; auto mileage, economy class airfare, train fare, parking, tolls, shuttle/bus fare

Note: Only the cost of transportation between the member's residence located in the Network Platinum*Plus* service area to the designated transplant facility is reimbursable. You will be reimbursed for traveling and lodging only if all these criteria are met:

\$0 copayment per day for all other days of a Medicare-covered inpatient hospital stay. There is no limit to the number of days covered.

If you get inpatient care at an out-of-network hospital after your emergency condition is stabilized, your cost is the cost sharing you would pay at an innetwork hospital. Please refer to Chapter 3, Section 3 for additional information.

What you must pay when you get these services

- Network Platinum*Plus* directs you to a facility that is outside the normal community patterns of care
- You choose to go to the directed facility for the transplant
- You submit all necessary documentation (such as receipts, lodging verifications, etc.) to this address:

Network Health Medicare Advantage Plans PO Box 120 1570 Midway Pl. Menasha, WI 54952

- Blood including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins only with the fourth pint of blood that you need - you must either pay the costs for the first three pints of blood you get in a calendar year or have the blood donated by you or someone else. All other components of blood are covered beginning with the first pint used.
- Physician services

Note: Over-the-counter (OTC) medications that you receive in an inpatient setting are not covered.

Note: To be inpatient your provider must write an order to admit you formally as an inpatient of the hospital. You are inpatient starting the day you are formally admitted to the hospital with a doctor's order and the day before you are discharged is your last inpatient day. For example, if you arrive at the hospital at 10 a.m., your first midnight is that night, this counts as one full day. From that midnight on, each midnight will be a day as an inpatient. If you are discharged before midnight on your last day, then that day does not count toward the total days

If you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an "outpatient." If you are not sure if you are an inpatient or an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.

You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called "Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!" This fact sheet is available on the Web at https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, seven days a week.

What you must pay when you Services that are covered for you get these services Inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital Cost sharing for covered services applies toward the Covered services include mental health care services that require a annual out-of-pocket maximum. hospital stay. You get up to 190 days in an inpatient psychiatric hospital in a lifetime. The 190-day limit does not apply to the mental Per admission you pay health services provided in psychiatric unit of a general hospital. In- and Out-of-Network Except in an emergency, your doctor must tell the plan you are going to be admitted to the hospital. *In-Network services may require* that your provider get prior authorization (approval in advance). Please have your provider contact the plan for more details. \$150 copayment per day for days 1-10 of a Medicarecovered inpatient psychiatric stay. **\$0** copayment per day for days 11-90 of a Medicare-covered inpatient psychiatric stay, including lifetime reserve days. Lifetime reserve days can only be used once.

Inpatient stay: Covered services received in a hospital or skilled nursing facility during a non-covered inpatient stay

If you have exhausted your inpatient benefits or if the inpatient stay is not reasonable and necessary, we will not cover your inpatient stay. However, in some cases, we will cover certain services you receive while you are in the hospital or the skilled nursing facility (SNF). Covered services include, but are not limited to:

- Physician services
- Diagnostic tests (like lab tests)
- X-ray, radium, and isotope therapy including technician materials and services
- Surgical dressings
- Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations
- Prosthetics and orthotics devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of an internal body organ (including contiguous tissue), or all or part of the function of a permanently inoperative or malfunctioning internal body organ, including replacement or repairs of such devices
- Leg, arm, back, and neck braces; trusses, and artificial legs, arms and eyes including adjustments, repairs and replacements required because of breakage, wear, loss or a change in the patient's physical condition
- Physical therapy, speech therapy and occupational therapy

What you must pay when you get these services

Cost sharing for covered services applies toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

In- and Out-of-Network

In-Network services may require that your provider get prior authorization (approval in advance). Please have your provider contact the plan for more details.

\$15 copayment for each Medicare-covered PCP visit.

\$40 copayment for each Medicare-covered specialist visit.

\$0 to **\$5** copayment for each Medicare-covered diagnostic procedure, test and/or lab service.

\$25 copayment for each Medicare-covered X-ray, ultrasound, EKG, EEG, echocardiogram or stress test.

\$60 copayment for each Medicare-covered radiation therapy service.

\$100 copayment for each Medicare-covered diagnostic radiology, PET, CAT, MRI, MRA or NUC service.

20% of the cost for each Medicare-covered prosthetic, orthotic device or durable medical equipment.

\$40 copayment for each Medicare-covered physical therapy, speech therapy or occupational therapy visit.

What you must pay when you get these services



Medical nutrition therapy

This benefit is for people with diabetes, renal (kidney) disease (but not on dialysis), or after a kidney transplant when ordered by your doctor.

We cover three hours of one-on-one counseling services during your first year that you receive medical nutrition therapy services under Medicare (this includes our plan, any other Medicare Advantage plan, or Original Medicare), and two hours each year after that. If your condition, treatment or diagnosis changes, you may be able to receive more hours of treatment with a physician's order. A physician must prescribe these services and renew their order yearly if your treatment is needed into the next calendar year.

In- and Out-of-Network

There is no coinsurance. copayment or deductible for members eligible for Medicarecovered medical nutrition therapy services.



Medicare Diabetes Prevention Program (MDPP)

MDPP services will be covered for eligible Medicare beneficiaries under all Medicare health plans.

MDPP is a structured health behavior change intervention that provides practical training in long-term dietary change, increased physical activity and problem-solving strategies for overcoming challenges to sustaining weight loss and a healthy lifestyle.

In- and Out-of-Network

There is no coinsurance, copayment or deductible for the MDPP benefit.

What you must pay when you get these services

Medicare Part B prescription drugs

These drugs are covered under Part B of Original Medicare. Members of our plan receive coverage for these drugs through our plan. Covered drugs include:

- Drugs that usually aren't self-administered by the patient and are injected or infused while you are getting physician, hospital outpatient or ambulatory surgical center services
- Drugs you take using durable medical equipment (such as nebulizers) that were authorized by the plan
- Clotting factors you give yourself by injection if you have hemophilia
- Immunosuppressive drugs, if you were enrolled in Medicare Part A at the time of the organ transplant
- Injectable osteoporosis drugs, if you are homebound, have a bone fracture that a doctor certifies was related to postmenopausal osteoporosis, and cannot self-administer the drug
- Antigens
- Certain oral anti-cancer drugs that contain the same active ingredient and are used for the same indications as the injectable dose form that would be administered in a provider setting. For example, Busulfan (Myleran), Capecitabine (Xeloda), Cyclophosphamide (Cytoxan), Etoposide (Vepesid), Melphalan (Alkeran), Methotrexate for oncology and Temozolomide (Temodar)
- Anti-nausea drugs
- Certain drugs for home dialysis, including heparin, the antidote for heparin when medically necessary, topical anesthetics, and erythropoiesis-stimulating agents (such as Epogen®, Procrit®, Epoetin Alfa, Aranesp®, or Darbepoetin Alfa)
- Intravenous Immune Globulin for the home treatment of primary immune deficiency diseases

The following link will take you to a list of Part B drugs that may be subject to step therapy: networkhealth.com/medicare/pharmacy-information.

We also cover some vaccines under our Part B prescription drug benefit.

Cost sharing for covered services applies toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

Certain Part B prescription drugs may require step therapy. In addition to the Part B prescription drug cost sharing amount, you may also pay the cost sharing amount that applies to primary care provider services, specialist services or outpatient hospital services, depending on where the Part B prescription drug is administered.

In- and Out-of-Network

Medicare Part B and Part B chemotherapy medications given in an In-Network physician's office require that your provider get prior authorization (approval in advance). Please have your provider contact the plan for more details.

20% of the cost for each Medicare-covered Part B and chemotherapy drug.

What you must pay when you get these services



Obesity screening and therapy to promote sustained weight loss

If you have a body mass index of 30 or more, we cover intensive counseling to help you lose weight. This counseling is covered if you get it in a primary care setting, where it can be coordinated with your comprehensive prevention plan. Talk to your primary care doctor or practitioner to find out more.

In- and Out-of-Network

There is no coinsurance, copayment or deductible for preventive obesity screening and therapy.

Opioid treatment program services

Members of our plan with opioid use disorder (OUD) can receive coverage of services to treat OUD through an Opioid Treatment Program (OTP) which includes the following services:

- U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved opioid agonist and antagonist medication-assisted treatment (MAT) medications.
- Dispensing and administration of MAT medications (if applicable)
- Substance use counseling
- Individual and group therapy
- Toxicology testing
- Intake activities
- Periodic assessments

Cost sharing for covered services applies toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

In- and Out-of-Network

\$35 copayment for each Medicare-covered opioid treatment program service.

get these services

Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies

Covered services include, but are not limited to:

- X-rays
- Radiation (radium and isotope) therapy including technician materials and supplies
- Surgical supplies, such as dressings
- Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations
- Laboratory tests
- Blood including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins only with the fourth pint of blood that you need - you must either pay the costs for the first three pints of blood you get in a calendar year or have the blood donated by you or someone else. All other components of blood are covered beginning with the first pint used.
- Diagnostic mammograms
- Other outpatient diagnostic tests

Cost sharing for covered services applies toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

What you must pay when you

In- and Out-of-Network

In-Network services may require that your provider get prior authorization (approval in advance). Please have your provider contact the plan for more details.

\$0 to \$5 copayment for each Medicare-covered diagnostic procedure, test and/or lab service.

\$25 copayment for each Medicare-covered ultrasound, EKG, EEG, echocardiogram or stress test.

\$25 copayment for each Medicare-covered X-ray or diagnostic mammogram service.

\$60 copayment for each Medicare-covered radiation therapy service.

\$100 copayment for each Medicare-covered diagnostic radiology MRI, MRA, PET, CAT or NUC service.

What you must pay when you get these services

Outpatient hospital observation

Observation services are hospital outpatient services given to determine if you need to be admitted as an inpatient or can be discharged.

For outpatient hospital observation services to be covered, they must meet the Medicare criteria and be considered reasonable and necessary. Observation services are covered only when provided by the order of a physician or another individual authorized by state licensure law and hospital staff bylaws to admit patients to the hospital or order outpatient tests.

Note: Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the costsharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.

Note: Medicare Part B generally doesn't pay for self-administered drugs (SADs) or over-the-counter (OTC) medications that you receive in an outpatient setting. Self-administered drugs may be covered under your Part D benefit; however there is no Part D coverage for over-the-counter medications.

You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called "Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!" This fact sheet is available on the Web at https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, seven days a week.

Cost sharing for covered services applies toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

In- and Out-of-Network

\$350 copayment for each Medicare-covered outpatient hospital observation service.

What you must pay when you get these services

Outpatient hospital services

We cover medically-necessary services you get in the outpatient department of a hospital for diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury.

Covered services include, but are not limited to:

- Services in an emergency department or outpatient clinic, such as observation services or outpatient surgery
- Laboratory and diagnostic tests billed by the hospital
- Mental health care, including care in a partial-hospitalization program, if a doctor certifies that inpatient treatment would be required without it
- X-rays and other radiology services billed by the hospital
- · Medical supplies such as splints and casts
- Certain drugs and biologicals that you can't give yourself

Note: Medicare Part B generally doesn't pay for self-administered drugs (SADs) or over-the-counter (OTC) medications that you receive in an outpatient setting. Self-administered drugs may be covered under your Part D benefit; however there is no Part D coverage for over-the-counter medications.

Note: Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the costsharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an "outpatient." If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.

You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called "Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare — Ask!" This fact sheet is available on the Web at https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, seven days a week.

Cost sharing for covered services applies toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

In- and Out-of-Network

In-Network services including some outpatient surgeries may require that your provider get prior authorization (approval in advance). Please have your provider contact the plan for more details.

\$0 to \$5 copayment for each Medicare-covered diagnostic procedure, test and/or lab service.

\$25 copayment for each Medicare-covered ultrasound, EKG, EEG, echocardiogram or stress test.

\$25 copayment for each Medicare-covered X-ray or diagnostic mammogram service.

\$60 copayment for each Medicare-covered radiation therapy service.

\$100 copayment for each Medicare-covered diagnostic radiology MRI, MRA, PET, CAT or NUC service.

20% of the cost for each Medicare-covered Part B and chemotherapy drug.

\$40 copayment for each Medicare-covered partial hospitalization service.

\$350 copayment for each Medicare-covered outpatient hospital visit.

What you must pay when you Services that are covered for you get these services Outpatient mental health care Cost sharing for covered services applies toward the Covered services include: annual out-of-pocket maximum. Mental health services provided by a state-licensed psychiatrist or In- and Out-of-Network doctor, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical nurse specialist, nurse practitioner, physician assistant or other Medicare-\$35 copayment for each qualified mental health care professional as allowed under applicable Medicare-covered outpatient mental health individual or state laws. group therapy visit. Prior review of the program may be required before the provider furnishes services. Outpatient rehabilitation services Cost sharing for covered services applies toward the Covered services include: physical therapy, occupational therapy and annual out-of-pocket maximum. speech language therapy. In- and Out-of-Network Outpatient rehabilitation services are provided in various outpatient settings, such as hospital outpatient departments, independent *In-Network services may require* therapist offices, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation that your provider get prior Facilities (CORFs). authorization (approval in advance). Please have vour provider contact the plan for more details.) \$40 copayment for each Medicare-covered occupational therapy, physical therapy and speech and language therapy visit.

What you must pay when you get these services

Outpatient substance abuse services

Outpatient mental health care - Medicare covers mental health services on an outpatient basis by either a doctor, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical nurse specialist or physician assistant in an office setting, clinic or hospital outpatient department.

Medicare covers substance abuse treatment in an outpatient treatment center if the center has agreed to participate in the Medicare program.

Cost sharing for covered services applies toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

You pay 100% for third party requests or required (i.e. employment, foster grandparent or court ordered) physicals, exams and related services.

In- and Out-of-Network

In-Network services may require that your provider get prior authorization (approval in advance). Please have your provider contact the plan for more details.

\$20 copayment for each Medicare-covered individual or group therapy substance abuse visit.

Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers

Note: If you are having surgery in a hospital facility, you should check with your provider about whether you will be an inpatient or outpatient. Unless the provider writes an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the costsharing amounts for outpatient surgery. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient.

Cost sharing for covered services applies toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

In- and Out-of-Network

In- Network services may require that your provider get prior authorization (approval in advance). Please have your provider contact the plan for more details.

\$350 copayment for each Medicare-covered ambulatory surgical center visit and outpatient hospital visit.

What you must pay when you get these services

Over-the-counter (OTC) items

Our plan offers a \$150 quarterly allowance, to be used to purchase qualified over-the-counter (OTC) items from our mail order service. Each \$150 quarterly benefit will be available January 1, April 1, July 1 and October 1. Unused funds will expire after March 31, June 30, September 30 and December 31. You may place up to two orders per quarter. We do not reimburse for OTC items purchased from retail stores or other mail order services.

OTC services are administered by Express Scripts, Inc. For more information on how to use your \$150 quarterly allowance, visit networkhealth.com/medicare/extra-benefits or log into the member portal at login.networkhealth.com.

In-Network

0% of the cost of qualified OTC items, up to the \$150 quarterly maximum.

Out-of-Network

OTC items must be ordered from the plan's approved service. We do not reimburse for OTC items purchased from retail stores or other mail order services.

Partial hospitalization services

"Partial hospitalization" is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment provided as a hospital outpatient service or by a community mental health center, that is more intense than the care received in your doctor's or therapist's office and is an alternative to inpatient hospitalization.

Cost sharing for covered services applies toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

In- and Out-of-Network

In- Network services may require that your provider get prior authorization (approval in advance). Please have your provider contact the plan for more details.

\$40 copayment for each Medicare-covered partial hospitalization services.

Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits

Covered services include:

- Medically-necessary medical care or surgery services furnished in a physician's office, certified ambulatory surgical center, hospital outpatient department or any other location
- Consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a specialist
- Basic hearing and balance exams performed by your PCP or specialist, if your doctor orders it to see if you need medical treatment

Cost sharing for covered services applies toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

In- and Out-of-Network

\$15 copayment for each Medicare-covered PCP office or telehealth visit.

\$40 copayment for each Medicare-covered specialist office or telehealth visit.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services
Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits (continued)	\$25 copayment for each Medicare-covered hearing exam.
• Certain telehealth services, including: PCP office visit, specialist office visit, and outpatient mental health individual or group therapy.	
You have the option of getting these services through an in-person visit or by telehealth. Both the in-person and telehealth visit are subject to a copayment, which is based on the type of visit. If you choose to get one of these services by telehealth, you must use an in-network provider who offers the service by telehealth.	
 These services are available by phone, smartphone, tablet and/or computer. Please check with your provider for which device is needed and if other devices are required 	
 Telehealth services for monthly end-stage renal disease-related visits for home dialysis members in a hospital-based or critical access hospital-based renal dialysis center, renal dialysis facility, or the member's home Telehealth services to diagnose, evaluate, or treat symptoms of a stroke, regardless of your location Telehealth services for members with a substance use disorder or co-occurring mental health disorder, regardless of their location Telehealth services for diagnosis, evaluation, and treatment of mental health disorders if: 	
 You have an in-person visit within six months prior to your first telehealth visit You have an in-person visit every 12 months while receiving these telehealth services Exceptions can be made to the above for certain circumstances 	
 Telehealth services for mental health visits provided by Rural Health Clinics and Federally Qualified Health Centers Virtual check-ins (for example, by phone or video chat) with your doctor for 5-10 minutes if: 	
 You're not a new patient and The check-in isn't related to an office visit in the past seven days and The check-in doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 	

hours or the soonest available appointment

What you must pay when you get these services

Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits (continued)

- Evaluation of video and/or images you send to your doctor, and interpretation and follow-up by your doctor within 24 hours <u>if</u>:
 - o You're not a new patient and
 - The evaluation isn't related to an office visit in the past seven days **and**
 - The evaluation doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment
- Consultation your doctor has with other doctors by phone, internet, or electronic health record
- Second opinion prior to surgery
- Non-routine dental care (covered services are limited to surgery of the jaw or related structures, setting fractures of the jaw or facial bones, extraction of teeth to prepare the jaw for radiation treatments of neoplastic cancer disease, or services that would be covered when provided by a physician)

Note: If you receive Practitioner/Provider services through telehealth from your provider, you will pay the same amount as if you visited the provider in-person. Telehealth services (excluding behavioral health and dermatology) received from our partner, MDLIVE, have a \$0 copayment.

Podiatry services

Covered services include:

- Diagnosis and the medical or surgical treatment of injuries and diseases of the feet (such as hammer toe or heel spurs)
- Routine foot care for members with certain medical conditions affecting the lower limbs
- Routine foot care services are considered medically necessary once in 60 days. More frequent services are considered not medically necessary

Cost sharing for covered services applies toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

You pay 100% for nail trimming unless performed as a qualified diabetic service.

In- and Out-of-Network

\$40 copayment for each Medicare-covered podiatry visit.

What you must pay when you get these services



Prostate cancer screening exams

For men aged 50 and older, covered services include the following once every 12 months:

- Digital rectal exam
- Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) test

In- and Out-of-Network

There is no coinsurance. copayment or deductible for an annual PSA test.

Prosthetic devices and related supplies

Devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of a body part or function. These include but are not limited to: colostomy bags and supplies directly related to colostomy care, pacemakers, braces, prosthetic shoes, artificial limbs, and breast prostheses (including a surgical brassiere after a mastectomy). Includes certain supplies related to prosthetic devices, and repair and/or replacement of prosthetic devices. Also includes some coverage following cataract removal or cataract surgery – see "Vision Care" later in this section for more detail.

Cost sharing for covered services applies toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

In- and Out-of-Network

In- Network services may require that your provider get prior authorization (approval in advance). Please have your provider contact the plan for more details.

20% of the cost for each Medicare-covered item.

Pulmonary rehabilitation services

Comprehensive programs of pulmonary rehabilitation are covered for members who have moderate to very severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and an order for pulmonary rehabilitation from the doctor treating the chronic respiratory disease.

Cost sharing for covered services applies toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

In- and Out-of-Network

\$20 copayment for each Medicare-covered pulmonary rehabilitation service.

Remote access care resources

Your plan covers many ways to get care quickly, any time of the day or night. Our programs offer instant access to live health care resources that provide helpful information you can trust.

Visit networkhealth.com/wellness/getting-care-quickly to learn more about your resources.

Note: Services through MDLIVE have a 0% cost share. Services provided by other practitioners will follow cost sharing that is outlined in this Medical Benefits Chart.

In- and Out-of-Network

0% of the cost for these services.

What you must pay when you get these services



Screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse

We cover one alcohol misuse screening for adults with Medicare (including pregnant women) who misuse alcohol but aren't alcohol dependent.

If you screen positive for alcohol misuse, you can get up to four brief face-to-face counseling sessions per year (if you're competent and alert during counseling) provided by a qualified primary care doctor or practitioner in a primary care setting.

In- and Out-of-Network

There is no coinsurance. copayment or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse preventive benefit.



Screening for lung cancer with low dose computed tomography (LDCT)

For qualified individuals, a LDCT is covered every 12 months.

Eligible members are: people aged 50 - 77 years who have no signs or symptoms of lung cancer, but who have a history of tobacco smoking of at least 20 pack-years and who currently smoke or have quit smoking within the last 15 years, who receive a written order for LDCT during a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision-making visit that meets the Medicare criteria for such visits and be furnished by a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner.

For LDCT lung cancer screenings after the initial LDCT screening: the member must receive a written order for LDCT lung cancer screening, which may be furnished during any appropriate visit with a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner. If a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner elects to provide a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision-making visit for subsequent lung cancer screenings with LDCT, the visit must meet the Medicare criteria for such visits.

In- and Out-of-Network

There is no coinsurance, copayment or deductible for the Medicare-covered counseling and shared decision-making visit or for the LDCT.

What you must pay when you get these services



Screening for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and counseling to prevent STIs

We cover sexually transmitted infection (STI) screenings for chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis and hepatitis B. These screenings are covered for pregnant women and for certain people who are at increased risk for an STI when the tests are ordered by a primary care provider. We cover these tests once every 12 months or at certain times during pregnancy.

We also cover up to two individual 20 to 30 minute, face-to-face high-intensity behavioral counseling sessions each year for sexually active adults at increased risk for STIs. We will only cover these counseling sessions as a preventive service if they are provided by a primary care provider and take place in a primary care setting, such as a doctor's office.

In- and Out-of-Network

There is no coinsurance. copayment or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening for STIs and counseling for STIs preventive benefit.

Services to treat kidney disease

Covered services include:

- Kidney disease education services to teach kidney care and help members make informed decisions about their care. For members with stage IV chronic kidney disease when referred by their doctor, we cover up to six sessions of kidney disease education services per lifetime
- Outpatient dialysis treatments (including dialysis treatments when temporarily out of the service area, as explained in Chapter 3, or when your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible)
- Inpatient dialysis treatments (if you are admitted as an inpatient to a hospital for special care)
- Self-dialysis training (includes training for you and anyone helping you with your home dialysis treatments)
- Home dialysis equipment and supplies
- Certain home support services (such as, when necessary, visits by trained dialysis workers to check on your home dialysis, to help in emergencies and check your dialysis equipment and water supply)

Certain drugs for dialysis are covered under your Medicare Part B drug benefit. For information about coverage for Part B Drugs, please go to the section, "Medicare Part B prescription drugs."

Cost sharing for covered services applies toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

In- and Out-of-Network

In-Network services may require that your provider get prior authorization (approval in advance). Please have your provider contact the plan for more details.

\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered kidney disease education service.

20% of the cost for each Medicare-covered renal dialysis.

20% of the cost for each Medicare-covered durable medical service or item.

What you must pay when you get these services

Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care

(For a definition of "skilled nursing facility care," see Chapter 10 of this document. Skilled nursing facilities are sometimes called "SNFs.")

Covered services include but are not limited to:

- Semiprivate room (or a private room if medically necessary)
- Meals, including special diets
- Skilled nursing services
- Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy
- Drugs administered to you as part of your plan of care (This
 includes substances that are naturally present in the body,
 such as blood clotting factors.)
- Blood including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins only with the fourth pint of blood that you need - you must either pay the costs for the first three pints of blood you get in a calendar year or have the blood donated by you or someone else. All other components of blood are covered beginning with the first pint used.
- Medical and surgical supplies ordinarily provided by skilled nursing facilities
- Laboratory tests ordinarily provided by skilled nursing facilities
- X-rays and other radiology services ordinarily provided by skilled nursing facilities
- Use of appliances such as wheelchairs ordinarily provided by skilled nursing facilities
- Physician/Practitioner services

Generally, you will get your skilled nursing facility care from innetwork facilities. However, under certain conditions listed below, you may be able to pay in-network cost sharing for a facility that isn't an in-network provider, if the facility accepts our plan's amounts for payment.

- A nursing home or continuing care retirement community where you were living right before you went to the hospital (as long as it provides skilled nursing facility care)
- A skilled nursing facility where your spouse is living at the time you leave the hospital

You are covered for up to 100 days per admission. (Facility transfers are not considered a "new" admission.)

services applies toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

Per admission you pay

Per admission you pay In- and Out-of-Network

Cost sharing for covered

All In-Network skilled nursing facility stays including sub-acute and swing bed require that your provider get prior authorization (approval in advance). Please have your provider contact the plan for more details.

\$20 copayment per day, days 1-20 of a Medicare-covered skilled nursing facility stay.

\$196 copayment per day, days 21-40 of a Medicare-covered skilled nursing facility stay.

\$0 copayment per day, days 41-100 of a Medicare-covered skilled nursing facility stay.

What you must pay when you get these services



Smoking and tobacco use cessation (counseling to stop smoking or tobacco use)

If you use tobacco, but do not have signs or symptoms of tobaccorelated disease: We cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12 month period as a preventive service with no cost to you. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits.

If you use tobacco and have been diagnosed with a tobacco-related disease or are taking medicine that may be affected by tobacco: We cover cessation counseling services. We cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12-month period, however, you will pay the applicable cost sharing. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits.

In- and Out-of-Network

There is no coinsurance. copayment or deductible for the Medicare-covered smoking and tobacco use cessation preventive benefits.

Supervised Exercise Therapy (SET)

SET is covered for members who have symptomatic peripheral artery disease (PAD) and a referral for PAD from the physician responsible for PAD treatment.

Up to 36 sessions over a 12-week period are covered if the SET program requirements are met.

The SET program must:

- Consist of sessions lasting 30-60 minutes, comprising a therapeutic exercise-training program for PAD in patients with claudication
- Be conducted in a hospital outpatient setting or a physician's
- Be delivered by qualified auxiliary personnel necessary to ensure benefits exceed harms, and who are trained in exercise therapy for PAD
- Be under the direct supervision of a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner/clinical nurse specialist who must be trained in both basic and advanced life support techniques

SET may be covered beyond 36 sessions over 12 weeks for an additional 36 sessions over an extended period of time if deemed medically necessary by a health care provider.

Cost sharing for covered services applies toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

In- and Out-of-Network

\$20 copayment for each Medicare-covered supervised exercise therapy session.

What you must pay when you get these services

Urgently needed services

Urgently needed services are provided to treat a non-emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care but, given your circumstances, it is not possible, or it is unreasonable, to obtain services from in-network providers. Examples of urgently needed services that the plan must cover out-of-network are; i) you need immediate care during the weekend, or ii) you are temporarily outside the service area of the plan. Services must be immediately needed and medically necessary. If it is unreasonable given your circumstances to immediately obtain the medical care from an in-network provider then your plan will cover the urgently needed services from a provider out-of-network.

Cost sharing for necessary urgently needed services furnished out-ofnetwork is the same as for such services furnished in-network.

When Urgent Care is received <u>outside the United States and its</u> <u>territories (worldwide coverage)</u> you will be responsible for \$110 per incident. Network Platinum*Plus* will pay the remaining cost per incident up to the maximum \$100,000 every year. Some facilities may bill Network Health directly, and this is the preferred method, using U.S. dollars. Other facilities may require you to pay the full cost of your care, and you will need to ask us to reimburse you for your costs. In this situation, you will be required to provide documents that may include a copy of the bill, proof of payment and English-language medical records (charges should be converted to U.S. dollars) for reimbursement up to the maximum of \$100,000. Prescription drugs are not covered. *

Cost sharing for covered services within the United States and its territories applies toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

In- and Out-of-Network

\$15 to \$40 copayment for each Medicare-covered urgently needed care visit within the United States and its territories. \$40 copayment for each urgently needed visit at a free-standing urgent care facility. Urgently needed visits with a PCP will be performed at a \$15 copayment, and urgently needed visits with a specialist will be performed at a \$40 copayment.

\$110 per incident for each non-Medicare covered urgently needed care visit outside the United States and its territories.

^{*} Cost sharing for covered services outside the United States and its territories (worldwide coverage) does not apply toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

Vision care

Covered services include:

- Outpatient physician services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye, including treatment for age-related macular degeneration. Original Medicare doesn't cover routine eye exams (eye refractions) for eveglasses/contacts
- For people who are at high risk of glaucoma, we will cover one glaucoma screening each year. People at high risk of glaucoma include: people with a family history of glaucoma, people with diabetes, African-Americans who are age 50 and older and Hispanic Americans who are 65 or older.
- For people with diabetes, screening for diabetic retinopathy is covered once per year.
- One pair of eyeglasses or contact lenses after each cataract surgery that includes insertion of an intraocular lens (If you have two separate cataract operations, you cannot reserve the benefit after the first surgery and purchase two eyeglasses after the second surgery.) Corrective lenses/frames (and replacements) needed after a cataract removal without a lens implant are not covered. Tinting, scratch protection or other enhancements to the eyewear are not covered.

Note: Cataract surgery may have outpatient hospital or ambulatory surgical center copayment. Please see outpatient hospital services.

Note: Only the conventional intraocular lens is covered with either the blade or laser removal of a cataract. Insertion of lenses to correct vision are not covered.

Note: Diagnostic testing copayments may apply. Please see Outpatient Diagnostic Testing for more information.

Note: Eye refractions performed in conjunction with Medicarecovered eye exams are not covered.

What you must pay when you get these services

Cost sharing for Medicarecovered services applies toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

In- and Out-of-Network

\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered preventive glaucoma test.

\$25 copayment for each Medicare-covered eye exam to diagnose and treat diseases and conditions of the eye.

\$0 copayment for one pair of Medicare-covered eyeglasses or contact lenses after each cataract surgery.

What you must pay when you get these services

Vision care – extra benefits

We also cover routine vision services not covered by Original Medicare. We cover:

- One non-Medicare covered routine vision exam per calendar year including refraction. Refraction is only covered when performed during a routine vision exam. *
- Any other vision services, such as physician services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and/or injuries of the eye, are not included in the routine vision exam.

Note: Our provider network for routine vision services is different than our provider network for medical vision services. Non-Medicare covered vision services are administered by EyeMed and must be performed by a provider in EyeMed's network. For more information and a link to the provider search, visit networkhealth.com/medicare/extra-benefits.

In-Network

\$10 copayment for each non-Medicare- covered routine vision exam.

Out-of-Network

Reimbursement up to a maximum of \$40 for each non-Medicare covered routine vision exam.



***** "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit

The plan covers the one-time "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit. The visit includes a review of your health, as well as education and counseling about the preventive services you need (including certain screenings and shots), and referrals for other care if needed.

Important: We cover the "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit only within the first 12 months you have Medicare Part B. When you make your appointment, let your doctor's office know you would like to schedule your "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit.

In- and Out-of-Network

There is no coinsurance, copayment or deductible for the "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit.

Extra "optional supplemental" benefits you can buy Section 2.2

Our plan offers some extra benefits that are not covered by Original Medicare and not included in your benefits package. These extra benefits are called "Optional Supplemental Benefits." If you want these optional supplemental benefits, you must sign up for them and you may have to pay an additional premium for them. The optional supplemental benefits described in this section are subject to the same appeals process as any other benefits.

^{*} Cost sharing for non-Medicare covered routine vision exam does not apply toward the annual out-ofpocket maximum.

As a member of the plan, you have the option to purchase an optional supplemental dental benefit package. You may elect this option upon your initial enrollment into the plan, during the Annual Enrollment Period, or during a Special Election Period, if you qualify for one. This optional supplemental benefit cannot be combined with any other dental benefits that may be offered on your plan. The optional supplemental dental benefit is only available if you are enrolled in Network Platinum*Plus*. If you terminate your Network Platinum*Plus* policy or lose eligibility, your supplemental dental benefit will also terminate. The monthly premium for the optional supplemental dental benefit in 2023 is \$39. This is in addition to your monthly Network Health Medicare Advantage Plan premium and your Medicare Parts A and/or B premium, if applicable. The deductible and coinsurance for the covered services do not apply toward your out-of-pocket maximum described in Chapter 4. Dental services are administered by Delta Dental ("administrator"). Your supplemental dental coverage will be effective on the date your Network Platinum*Plus* coverage becomes effective.

Your optional supplemental dental benefits will continue if you move to another Network Health Medicare Advantage Plan that offers this benefit, unless you choose to end the benefit.

You may end your optional supplemental dental benefits by giving us written notice that you'd like to end your coverage. Written notice must be sent or faxed to the below address:

Network Health Insurance Corporation

Attn: Medicare Enrollment Services

1570 Midway Pl. Menasha, WI 54952 Fax to 920-720-1933

Note: You may be balance billed if you receive services from an out-of-network dentist. Please visit medicareadvantage.deltadentalwi.com to find an in-network dentist.

Your coverage of supplemental dental benefits will end on the last day of the month following our receipt of your request to end coverage, or the date you request that your coverage ends, if later. If you have paid a premium in advance, your premium will be refunded for any unused months.

If you end coverage for supplemental dental benefits and later wish to re-enroll, you will need to wait until the next Annual Enrollment Period.

You may cancel your enrollment for supplemental dental benefits verbally or in writing prior to your effective date. After the effective date of your supplemental dental benefits, you will need to submit your request in writing.

What you pay for these Additional services you can purchase services **Dental Optional Supplemental Benefit** Monthly Premium: \$39 The dental optional supplemental benefit package is available for an Annual Maximum: \$1,000 additional monthly premium of \$39. Included are the following Comprehensive Deductible: services: \$100 Non-Medicare covered preventive dental services In-Network Routine dental exams and cleanings twice a year 0% of the cost for non-Fluoride treatments once a year Medicare covered preventive Bitewing x-rays once a year and diagnostic dental services. Non-Medicare covered comprehensive dental services Deductible does not apply. 50% of the cost for non-Emergency palliative treatment Medicare covered basic and Restorative services major dental services after the Endodontics deductible. Periodontics Out-of-Network Extractions Prosthodontics 20% of the cost for non-Medicare covered preventive Oral Surgery and diagnostic dental services. Relines and repairs to bridges and dentures Deductible does not apply. Up to \$1,000 annual maximum benefit applies to both in and out-of-50% of the cost for nonnetwork services received for non-Medicare covered dental services. If Medicare covered basic and you choose to see an out-of-network dental provider, your share of the major dental services after the cost may be higher. * deductible. To view the certificate of coverage for the dental optional supplemental benefit, visit networkhealth.com/medicare/plan-materials or contact the member experience team. Please contact our member experience team (phone numbers located in the back of this document) with any questions.

^{*} Cost sharing for non-Medicare covered services *does not* apply toward the annual out-of-pocket maximum.

Section 2.3 Getting care using our plan's optional visitor/traveler benefit

If you do not permanently move, but you are continuously absent from our plan's service area for more than six months, we usually must disenroll you from our plan. However, we offer a supplemental benefit called the visitor/traveler program which includes all U.S. territories and remaining 49 states outside Wisconsin. This program is available to all Network Platinum*Plus* members who are temporarily in the visitor/traveler area. Under our visitor/traveler program you may receive all plan covered services at in-network cost-sharing. Please contact the plan for assistance in locating a provider when using the visitor/traveler benefit.

When Emergency care is received <u>outside the United States and its territories (worldwide coverage)</u> you will be responsible for \$110 per incident. Network Platinum*Plus* will pay the remaining cost per incident up to the maximum \$100,000 every year. Some facilities may bill Network Health directly, and this is the preferred method, using U.S. dollars. Other facilities may require you to pay the full cost of your care, and you will need to ask us to reimburse you for your costs. In this situation, you will be required to provide documents that may include a copy of the bill, proof of payment and English-language medical records (charges should be converted to U.S. dollars) for reimbursement up to the maximum of \$100,000. Prescription drugs are not covered.

It's important whenever you receive care from out-of-network or out-of-state providers that you confirm they accept Medicare assignment. If they do not accept Medicare assignment, they may charge 15 percent more than Medicare-covered charges. You will be responsible for the additional 15 percent cost sharing to the provider. The plan will pay the provider the Medicare-approved amount for charges, minus your applicable cost sharing.

If you are in the visitor/traveler area, you can stay enrolled in our plan for up to six months. If you have not returned to the plan's service area within six months, you will be disenrolled from the plan.

SECTION 3 What services are not covered by the plan?

Section 3.1 Services we do *not* cover (exclusions)

This section tells you what services are "excluded" from Medicare coverage and therefore, are not covered by this plan.

The chart below lists services and items that either are not covered under any condition or are covered only under specific conditions.

If you get services that are excluded (not covered), you must pay for them yourself, except under the specific conditions listed below. Even if you receive the excluded services at an emergency facility, the excluded services are still not covered and our plan will not pay for them. The only exception is if the service is appealed and decided upon appeal to be a medical service that we should have paid for or covered because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we have made to not cover a medical service, go to Chapter 7, Section 5.3 in this document.)

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Acupuncture	any condition	Available for people with chronic low back pain under certain circumstances. Acupuncture may be covered for members who are undergoing chemotherapy and experiencing severe nausea. Please refer to the Medical Benefits Chart for additional information.
Cosmetic surgery or procedures		Covered in cases of an accidental injury or for improvement of the functioning of a malformed body member. Covered for all stages of reconstruction for a breast after a mastectomy, as well as for the unaffected breast to produce a symmetrical appearance.
Custodial care	√	
Custodial care is personal care that does not require the continuing attention of trained medical or paramedical personnel, such as care that helps you with activities of daily living, such as bathing or dressing. Elective or voluntary enhancement procedures or services (including weight loss, hair growth, sexual performance, athletic performance, cosmetic purposes, anti-aging and mental performance), except when	√	
medically necessary Experimental medical and surgical procedures, equipment and medications.		May be covered by Original Medicare under a Medicare-approved clinical research study or by our plan.
Experimental procedures and items are those items and procedures determined by Original Medicare to not be generally accepted by the medical community.		(See Chapter 3, Section 5 for more information on clinical research studies.)
Fees charged for care by your immediate relatives or members of your household.	√	
Full-time nursing care in your home.	✓	

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Home or Office-based palliative care		Members with cancer, congestive heart failure, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, chronic kidney disease, end-stage renal disease, rheumatoid arthritis, Alzheimer's, Parkinson's, multiple sclerosis and/or liver cirrhosis may qualify for this benefit.
		Please refer to the "Help with certain chronic conditions" benefit in the Medical Benefits Chart for additional information.
Home-delivered meals	✓	
Homemaker services including basic household assistance, such as light housekeeping or light meal preparation.	√	
Naturopath services (uses natural or alternative treatments).	√	
Non-emergency transportation		Non-emergency transportation may be covered for members with ESRD. Please refer to the "Help with certain chronic conditions" benefit in the Medical Benefits Chart for additional information.
Orthopedic shoes or supportive devices for the feet		Shoes that are part of a leg brace and are included in the cost of the brace. Orthopedic or therapeutic shoes for people with diabetic foot disease.
Outpatient prescription drugs including drugs for treatment of sexual dysfunction, including erectile dysfunction, impotence and anorgasmy or hyporgasmy.	✓	
Personal items in your room at a hospital or a skilled nursing facility, such as a telephone or a television.	√	
Prescriptions or refill of prescriptions because of theft, damage or loss of the prescription or drugs.	√	
Private duty nurses	✓	
Private room in a hospital.		Covered only when medically necessary.
Residential AODA or mental health treatment	√	

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Reversal of sterilization procedures and or non-prescription contraceptive supplies.	√	
Routine chiropractic care		Manual manipulation of the spine to correct a subluxation is covered. Please refer to the "Chiropractic services" benefit in the Medical Benefits Chart for additional information.
Routine dental care, such as cleanings, fillings or dentures.		Some routine preventive dental care is covered. Please refer to the "Dental services - extra benefits" benefit in the Medical Benefit Chart for additional information. Additional comprehensive dental coverage is also available. (See Chapter 4, Section 2.2 for more information on a dental optional supplemental benefit.)
Routine foot care		Some limited coverage provided according to Medicare guidelines (e.g., if you have diabetes).
Routine hearing exams, hearing aids, or exams to fit hearing aids.		Hearing aids are covered. Routine hearing exams and hearing aid fittings are covered with the purchase of a hearing aid. Please refer to the "Hearing services extra benefits" benefit in the Medical Benefits Chart for additional information.
Routine vision examinations, eyeglasses, refractive eye surgeries including but not limited to radial keratotomy, LASIK surgery and other low vision aids.		Eye exam and one pair of eyeglasses (or contact lenses) are covered for people after cataract surgery. Routine vision exams covered once per year. Refraction is only covered when performed with a routine vision exam. Please refer to the "Vision care" and "Vision care - extra benefits" benefits in the Medical Benefits Chart for additional information.
Services considered not reasonable and necessary, according to Original Medicare standards.	√	

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Services provided to veterans in Veterans Affairs (VA) facilities. However, when emergency services are received at VA hospital and the VA cost sharing is more than the cost sharing under our plan, we will reimburse veterans for the difference. Members are still responsible for our cost-sharing amounts.	•	
Surgical treatment for morbid obesity, except when it is considered medically necessary and covered under Original Medicare.		Covered only when medically necessary and covered under Original Medicare.

CHAPTER 5:

Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services

SECTION 1 Situations in which you should ask us to pay our share of the cost of your covered services

Sometimes when you get medical care, you may need to pay the full cost. Other times, you may find that you have paid more than you expected under the coverage rules of the plan. Or you may receive a bill from a provider. In these cases, you can ask our plan to pay you back (paying you back is often called "reimbursing" you). It is your right to be paid back by our plan whenever you've paid more than your share of the cost for medical services that are covered by our plan. There may be deadlines that you must meet to get paid back. Please see Section 2 of this chapter.

There may also be times when you get a bill from a provider for the full cost of medical care you have received or possibly for more than your share of cost sharing as discussed in the document. First try to resolve the bill with the provider. If that does not work, send the bill to us instead of paying it. We will look at the bill and decide whether the services should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we will pay the provider directly. If we decide not to pay it, we will notify the provider. You should never pay more than plan-allowed cost-sharing. If this provider is contracted, you still have the right to treatment.

Here are examples of situations in which you may need to ask our plan to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received:

1. When you've received medical care from a provider who is not in our plan's network

When you receive care from a provider who is not part of our network, you are only responsible for paying your share of the cost. (Your share of the cost may be higher for an out-of-network provider than for an in-network provider.) Ask the provider to bill the plan for our share of the cost.

- If you pay the entire amount yourself at the time you receive the care, ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Send us the bill, along with documentation of any payments you have made.
- You may get a bill from the provider asking for payment that you think you do not owe. Send us this bill, along with documentation of any payments you have already made.
 - o If the provider is owed anything, we will pay the provider directly.
 - o If you have already paid more than your share of the cost of the service, we will determine how much you owed and pay you back for our share of the cost.
- Please note: While you can get your care from an out-of-network provider, the provider must be eligible to participate in Medicare. Except for emergency care, we cannot pay a provider who is not eligible to participate in Medicare. If the provider is not eligible to participate in Medicare, you will be responsible for the full cost of the services you receive.

2. When an in-network provider sends you a bill you think you should not pay

In-network providers should always bill the plan directly and ask you only for your share of the cost. But sometimes they make mistakes and ask you to pay more than your share.

- You only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get covered services. We do not allow providers to add additional separate charges, called "balance billing." This protection (that you never pay more than your cost-sharing amount) applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges.
- Whenever you get a bill from an in-network provider that you think is more than you should pay, send us the bill. We will contact the provider directly and resolve the billing problem.
- If you have already paid a bill to an in-network provider, but you feel that you paid too much, send us the bill along with documentation of any payment you have made and ask us to pay you back the difference between the amount you paid and the amount you owed under the plan.

3. If you are retroactively enrolled in our plan

Sometimes a person's enrollment in the plan is retroactive. (This means that the first day of their enrollment has already passed. The enrollment date may even have occurred last year.)

If you were retroactively enrolled in our plan and you paid out-of-pocket for any of your covered services after your enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back for our share of the costs. You will need to submit paperwork such as receipts and bills for us to handle the reimbursement.

4. If you receive emergency or urgent care outside the United States

When Emergency or Urgent care is received <u>outside the United States and its territories (worldwide coverage)</u> you will be responsible for \$110 per incident. Network Platinum*Plus* will pay the remaining cost per incident, up to the maximum \$100,000 every year. Some facilities may bill Network Health directly, and this is the preferred method, using U.S. dollars. Other facilities may require you to pay the full cost of your care, and you will need to ask us to reimburse you for your costs. In this situation, you will be required to provide documents that may include a copy of the bill, proof of payment and Englishlanguage medical records (charges should be converted to U.S. dollars) for reimbursement up to the maximum of \$100,000. Prescription drugs are not covered.

All of the examples above are types of coverage decisions. This means that if we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. Chapter 7 of this document has information about how to make an appeal.

SECTION 2 How to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received

You may request us to pay you back by sending us a request in writing. If you send a request in writing, send your bill and documentation of any payment you have made. It's a good idea to make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records. **You must submit your medical claim to us within 12 months** and your prescription drug claims within 36 months of the date you received the service, item or drug. To make sure you are giving us all the information we need to make a decision, you can fill out our claim form to make your request for payment.

- You don't have to use the form, but it will help us process the information faster.
- Either download a copy of the form from our website (<u>networkhealth.com</u>) or call our member experience team and ask for the form.

Mail your request for payment together with any bills or paid receipts to us at this address:

For Medical Claims:

Network Health Medicare Advantage Plans PO Box 568 1570 Midway Pl. Menasha, WI 54952

For Routine Dental Claims

Delta Dental PO Box 9215 Farmington Hills, MI 48333

For Routine Vision Claims

First American Administrators, Inc.

Attn: OON Claims PO Box 8504

Mason, OH 45040-7111

Or online: https://www.processmyclaim.com/managed-vision-care/member-forms/out-of-network-

claim/partner#/

For Prescription Claims

Express Scripts PO Box 14711 Lexington, KY 40512-4718

SECTION 3 We will consider your request for payment and say yes or no

Section 3.1 We check to see whether we should cover the service and how much we owe

When we receive your request for payment, we will let you know if we need any additional information from you. Otherwise, we will consider your request and make a coverage decision.

- If we decide that the medical care is covered and you followed all the rules, we will pay for our share of the cost. If you have already paid for the service, we will mail your reimbursement of our share of the cost to you. If you have not paid for the service yet, we will mail the payment directly to the provider.
- If we decide that the medical care is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we will not pay for our share of the cost. We will send you a letter explaining the reasons why we are not sending the payment and your right to appeal that decision.

Section 3.2 If we tell you that we will not pay for all or part of the medical care, you can make an appeal

If you think we have made a mistake in turning down your request for payment or the amount we are paying, you can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the decision we made when we turned down your request for payment. The appeals process is a formal process with detailed procedures and important deadlines. For the details on how to make this appeal, go to Chapter 7 of this document.

CHAPTER 6: Your rights and responsibilities

SECTION 1 Our plan must honor your rights and cultural sensitivities as a member of the plan Section 1.1 We must provide information in a way that works for you and consistent with your cultural sensitivities (in languages other than English, in braille, in large print, or other alternate formats, etc.)

Our plan is required to ensure that all services, both clinical and non-clinical, are provided in a culturally competent manner and are accessible to all enrollees, including those with limited English proficiency, limited reading skills, hearing incapacity, or those with diverse cultural and ethnic backgrounds. Examples of how a plan may meet these accessibility requirements include, but are not limited to provision of translator services, interpreter services, teletypewriters, or TTY (text telephone or teletypewriter phone) connection.

Our plan has free interpreter services available to answer questions from non-English speaking members. We can also give you information in braille, in large print, or other alternate formats at no cost, if you need it. We are required to give you information about the plan's benefits in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you. To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call our member experience team.

Our plan is required to give female enrollees the option of direct access to a women's health specialist within the network for women's routine and preventive health care services.

If providers in the plan's network for a specialty are not available, it is the plan's responsibility to locate specialty providers outside the network who will provide you with the necessary care. In this case, you will only pay in-network cost sharing. If you find yourself in a situation where there are no specialists in the plan's network that cover a service you need, call the plan for information on where to go to obtain this service at in-network cost sharing.

If you have any trouble getting information from our plan in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you, please call to file a grievance with the discrimination complaints coordinator. You may also file a complaint with Medicare by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) or directly with the Office for Civil Rights 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697.

Section 1.2 You have a right to be treated with respect, with recognition of your dignity and a right to privacy

You will be treated with courtesy and kindness. You will be treated equally, and we will listen to you. Your choices, as well as rights to privacy will be honored.

Section 1.3 We must ensure that you get timely access to your covered services

You have the right to choose a provider in the plan's network. You also have the right to go to a women's health specialist (such as a gynecologist) without a referral and still pay the in-network cost-sharing amount.

You have the right to get appointments and covered services from your providers within a reasonable amount of time. This includes the right to get timely services from specialists when you need that care.

If you think that you are not getting your medical care within a reasonable amount of time, Chapter 7, Section 9 of this document tells what you can do.

Section 1.4 We must protect the privacy of your personal health information

Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

- Your "personal health information" includes the personal information you gave us when you enrolled in this plan as well as your medical records and other medical and health information.
- You have rights related to your information and controlling how your health information is used. We give you a written notice, called a "Notice of Privacy Practice," that tells about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your health information.

How do we protect the privacy of your health information?

- We make sure that unauthorized people don't see or change your records.
- Except for the circumstances noted below, if we intend to give your health information to anyone who isn't providing your care or paying for your care, we are required to get written permission from you or someone you have given legal power to make decisions for you first.
- There are certain exceptions that do not require us to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law.
 - We are required to release health information to government agencies that are checking on quality of care.
 - O Because you are a member of our plan through Medicare, we are required to give Medicare your health information. If Medicare releases your information for research or other uses, this will be done according to Federal statutes and regulations; typically, this requires that information that uniquely identifies you not be shared.

You can see the information in your records and know how it has been shared with others

You have the right to look at your medical records held by the plan, and to get a copy of your records. We are allowed to charge you a fee for making copies. You also have the right to ask us to make additions or corrections to your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we will work with your health care provider to decide whether the changes should be made.

You have the right to know how your health information has been shared with others for any purposes that are not routine.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your personal health information, please call our member experience team.

Network Health Insurance Corporation is committed to protecting the privacy of your confidential health information. This includes all oral, written and electronic protected health information across the organization. We are required by law to:

- Maintain the privacy and security of your protected health information.
- Follow the duties and privacy practices described in this notice and give you a copy of it.
- Follow either federal or state law, whichever is more protective of your privacy rights.
- Let you know promptly if a breach occurs which may have compromised the privacy or security of your information.
- Abide by the terms of our Notice of Privacy Practices.

We are committed to ensuring your health information is used responsibly by our organization. We may use and disclose your health information without your written authorization for payment, treatment, health care operations or other instances where written authorization is not required by law. In instances where written authorization is required, we will obtain written authorization before using or disclosing information about you. You may choose to revoke your authorization at any time by notifying us in writing of your decision. This means we will no longer be able to use or disclose health information about you for the reasons covered by your written authorization, but we will be unable to take back any disclosures we have already made based on your prior written authorization consent.

For a full copy of the Notice of Privacy Practices please visit our website at networkhealth.com or call our member experience team to request a copy. If you would like to exercise one or more of your rights regarding your health information, please call our member experience team (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this document).

If you are concerned that your privacy rights may have been violated, or you disagree with a decision we made about your rights to your health information, you may contact the Privacy Officer at 800-378-5234. You may also send a written complaint to the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Office for Civil Rights. Network Health cannot and will not require you to waive the right to file a complaint as a condition of receiving benefits or services or retaliate against you for filing a complaint with us or with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

Section 1.5 We must give you information about the plan, the organization, its network of providers and your covered services

As a member of Network Platinum Plus, you have the right to get several kinds of information from us.

If you want any of the following kinds of information, please call our member experience team:

- **Information about our plan**. This includes, for example, information about the plan's financial condition.
- **Information about our in-network providers.** You have the right to get information about the qualifications of the providers in our network and how we pay the providers in our network.
- Information about your coverage and the rules you must follow when using your coverage. Chapters 3 and 4 provide information regarding medical services.
- Information about why something is not covered and what you can do about it. Chapter 7 provides information on asking for a written explanation on why a medical service is not covered or if your coverage is restricted. Chapter 7 also provides information on asking us to change a decision, also called an appeal.

Section 1.6 We must support your right to participate with practitioners to make decisions about your care

You have the right to know your treatment options and participate in decisions about your health care

You have the right to get full information from your doctors and other health care providers. Your providers must explain your medical condition and your treatment choices in a way that you can understand.

You also have the right to participate fully in decisions about your health care. To help you make decisions with your doctors about what treatment is best for you, your rights include the following:

- To know about all of your choices. You have the right to be told about all of the treatment options that are recommended for your condition, no matter what they cost or whether they are covered by our plan.
- To know about the risks. You have the right to be told about any risks involved in your care. You must be told in advance if any proposed medical care or treatment is part of a research experiment. You always have the choice to refuse any experimental treatments.
- The right to say "no." You have the right to refuse any recommended treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to leave. Of course, if you refuse treatment, you accept full responsibility for what happens to your body as a result.

You have the right to give instructions about what is to be done if you are not able to make medical decisions for yourself

Sometimes people become unable to make health care decisions for themselves due to accidents or serious illness. You have the right to say what you want to happen if you are in this situation. This means that, *if* you want to, you can:

- Fill out a written form to give someone the legal authority to make medical decisions for you if you ever become unable to make decisions for yourself.
- **Give your doctors written instructions** about how you want them to handle your medical care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself.

The legal documents that you can use to give your directions in advance of these situations are called "advance directives." There are different types of advance directives and different names for them. Documents called "living will" and "power of attorney for health care" are examples of advance directives.

If you want to use an "advance directive" to give your instructions, here is what to do:

- **Get the form.** You can get an advance directive form from your lawyer, from a social worker, or from some office supply stores. You can sometimes get advance directive forms from organizations that give people information about Medicare. You can also contact our member experience team to ask for the forms.
- **Fill it out and sign it.** Regardless of where you get this form, keep in mind that it is a legal document. You should consider having a lawyer help you prepare it.
- Give copies to appropriate people. You should give a copy of the form to your doctor and to the person you name on the form who can make decisions for you if you can't. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members. Keep a copy at home.

If you know ahead of time that you are going to be hospitalized, and you have signed an advance directive, take a copy with you to the hospital.

- The hospital will ask you whether you have signed an advance directive form and whether you have it with you.
- If you have not signed an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.

Remember, it is your choice whether you want to fill out an advance directive (including whether you want to sign one if you are in the hospital). According to law, no one can deny you care or discriminate against you based on whether or not you have signed an advance directive.

What if your instructions are not followed?

If you have signed an advance directive, and you believe that a doctor or hospital did not follow the instructions in it, you may file a complaint with the Wisconsin Department of Health Services, 1 West Wilson Street, Madison, WI 53703. The telephone number is 608-266-1865 (TTY accessible telephone number is 888-701-1251).

Section 1.7 You have the right to make complaints and to ask us to reconsider decisions we have made

If you have any problems, concerns, or complaints and need to request coverage, or make an appeal, Chapter 7 of this document tells what you can do. Whatever you do – ask for a coverage decision, make an appeal, or make a complaint – we are required to treat you fairly.

Section 1.8 What can you do if you believe you are being treated unfairly or your rights are not being respected?

If it is about discrimination, call the Office for Civil Rights

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected due to your race, disability, religion, sex, health, ethnicity, creed (beliefs), age, sexual orientation, or national origin, you should call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697 or call your local Office for Civil Rights.

Is it about something else?

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected, *and* it's *not* about discrimination, you can get help dealing with the problem you are having:

- You can call our member experience team.
- You can **call the SHIP**. For details, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- Or, **you can call Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, seven days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

Section 1.9 How to get more information about your rights

There are several places where you can get more information about your rights:

- You can call our member experience team.
- You can **call the SHIP**. For details, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- You can contact Medicare.
 - You can visit the Medicare website to read or download the publication "Medicare Rights & Protections." (The publication is available at: www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11534-Medicare-Rights-and-Protections.pdf.)
 - Or, you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, seven days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

Section 1.10 You have the right to make recommendations regarding the organization's member rights and responsibilities policy

You can email your recommendations to Network Health at <u>QI@networkhealth.com</u> and our Quality Health Integration Department will review your proposal and make any necessary changes to Network Health's policy.

SECTION 2 You have some responsibilities as a member of the plan

Things you need to do as a member of the plan are listed below. If you have any questions, please call our member experience team.

- Get familiar with your covered services and the rules you must follow to get these covered services. Use this *Evidence of Coverage* to learn what is covered for you and the rules you need to follow to get your covered services.
 - o Chapters 3 and 4 give the details about your medical services.
- If you have any other health insurance coverage in addition to our plan, you are required to tell us. Chapter 1 tells you about coordinating these benefits.
- Tell your doctor and other health care providers that you are enrolled in our plan. Show your plan member ID card whenever you get your medical care.
- Help your doctors and other providers help you by giving them information, asking questions, and following through on your care.
 - o To help get the best care, tell your doctors and other health providers about your health problems. Follow the treatment plans and instructions that you and your doctors agree upon.
 - o Make sure your doctors know all of the drugs you are taking, including over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.
 - o If you have any questions, be sure to ask and get an answer you can understand.
 - Supply information (to the extent possible) the organization, its practitioners and providers need in order to provide care.
 - Understand your health problems and participate in developing mutually agreed-upon treatment goals, to the degree possible.
- **Be considerate.** We expect all our members to respect the rights of other patients. We also expect you to act in a way that helps the smooth running of your doctor's office, hospitals and other offices.
- Pay what you owe. As a plan member, you are responsible for these payments:
 - O You must pay your plan premiums.
 - O You must continue to pay your Medicare Part B premium to remain a member of the plan.
 - o For most of your medical services covered by the plan, you must pay your share of the cost when you get the service.

- If you move within our service area, we need to know so we can keep your membership record up-to-date and know how to contact you.
- If you move outside of our plan service area, you cannot remain a member of our plan.
- If you move, it is also important to tell Social Security (or the Railroad Retirement Board).

CHAPTER 7:

What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Chapter 7 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

SECTION 1 Introduction

Section 1.1 What to do if you have a problem or concern

This chapter explains two types of processes for handling problems and concerns:

- For some problems, you need to use the process for coverage decisions and appeals.
- For other problems, you need to use the **process for making complaints**; also called grievances.

Both of these processes have been approved by Medicare. Each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that must be followed by us and by you.

The guide in Section 3 will help you identify the right process to use and what you should do.

Section 1.2 What about the legal terms?

There are legal terms for some of the rules, procedures, and types of deadlines explained in this chapter. Many of these terms are unfamiliar to most people and can be hard to understand. To make things easier, this chapter:

- Uses simpler words in place of certain legal terms. For example, this chapter generally says "making a complaint" rather than "filing a grievance," "coverage decision" rather than "organization determination" or "coverage determination" or "at-risk determination" and "Independent Review Organization" instead of "Independent Review Entity."
- It also uses abbreviations as little as possible.

However, it can be helpful – and sometimes quite important – for you to know the correct legal terms. Knowing which terms to use will help you communicate more accurately to get the right help or information for your situation. To help you know which terms to use, we include legal terms when we give the details for handling specific types of situations.

SECTION 2 Where to get more information and personalized assistance

We are always available to help you. Even if you have a complaint about our treatment of you, we are obligated to honor your right to complain. Therefore, you should always reach out to our member experience team for help. But in some situations, you may also want help or guidance from someone who is not connected with us. Below are two entities that can assist you.

Chapter 7 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)

Each state has a government program with trained counselors. The program is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. The counselors at this program can help you understand which process you should use to handle a problem you are having. They can also answer your questions, give you more information, and offer guidance on what to do.

The services of SHIP counselors are free. You will find phone numbers and website URLs in Chapter 2, Section 3 of this document.

Medicare

You can also contact Medicare to get help. To contact Medicare:

- You can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, seven days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- You can also visit the Medicare website (<u>www.medicare.gov</u>).

SECTION 3 To deal with your problem, which process should you use?

If you have a problem or concern, you only need to read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. The guide that follows will help.

Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?

This includes problems about whether medical care or prescription drugs are covered or not, the way they are covered, and problems related to payment for medical care or prescription drugs.

Yes.

Go on to the next section of this chapter, Section 4, "A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals."

No.

Skip ahead to Section 9 at the end of this chapter: "How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service or other concerns."

COVERAGE DECISIONS AND APPEALS

complaints)

SECTION 4 A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals

Section 4.1 Asking for coverage decisions and making appeals: the big picture

Coverage decisions and appeals deal with problems related to your benefits and coverage for medical services, including payment. This is the process you use for issues such as whether something is covered or not and the way in which something is covered.

Asking for coverage decisions prior to receiving services

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services. For example, your plan network doctor makes a (favorable) coverage decision for you whenever you receive medical care from him or her or if your network doctor refers you to a medical specialist. You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision if your doctor is unsure whether we will cover a particular medical service or refuses to provide medical care you think that you need. In other words, if you want to know if we will cover a medical service before you receive it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you. In limited circumstances a request for a coverage decision will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a coverage decision, we will send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

We are making a coverage decision for you whenever we decide what is covered for you and how much we pay. In some cases, we might decide a service is not covered or is no longer covered by Medicare for you. If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

Making an appeal

If we make a coverage decision, whether before or after a service is received, and you are not satisfied, you can "appeal" the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. Under certain circumstances, which we discuss later, you can request an expedited or "fast appeal" of a coverage decision. Your appeal is handled by different reviewers than those who made the original decision.

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check to see if we were properly following the rules. When we have completed the review, we give you our decision. In limited circumstances a request for a Level 1 appeal will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a Level 1 appeal, we will send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

Chapter 7 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

If we do not dismiss your case but say no to all or part of your Level 1 appeal, you can go on to a Level 2 appeal. The Level 2 appeal is conducted by an Independent Review Organization that is not connected to us. (Appeals for medical services and Part B drugs will be automatically sent to the Independent Review Organization for a Level 2 appeal – you do not need to do anything. If you are not satisfied with the decision at the Level 2 appeal, you may be able to continue through additional levels of appeal (Section 8 in this chapter explains the Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals processes).

Section 4.2 How to get help when you are asking for a coverage decision or making an appeal

Here are resources if you decide to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision:

- You can call us our member experience team.
- You can get free help from your State Health Insurance Assistance Program.
- Your doctor can make a request for you. If your doctor helps with an appeal past Level 2, they will need to be appointed as your representative. Please call our member experience team and ask for the "Appointment of Representative" form. (The form is also available on Medicare's website at www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf or on our website at networkhealth.com.
 - For medical care or Part B prescription drugs, your doctor can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 appeal on your behalf. If your appeal is denied at Level 1, it will be automatically forwarded to Level 2.
- You can ask someone to act on your behalf. If you want to, you can name another person to act for you as your "representative" to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.
 - o If you want a friend, relative, or another person to be your representative, call our member experience team and ask for the "Appointment of Representative" form. (The form is also available on Medicare's website at www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf or on our website at networkhealth.com.) The form gives that person permission to act on your behalf. It must be signed by you and by the person who you would like to act on your behalf. You must give us a copy of the signed form.
 - While we can accept an appeal request without the form, we cannot begin or complete our review until we receive it. If we do not receive the form within 44 calendar days after receiving your appeal request (our deadline for making a decision on your appeal), your appeal request will be dismissed. If this happens, we will send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the Independent Review Organization to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.
- You also have the right to hire a lawyer. You may contact your own lawyer or get the name of a lawyer from your local bar association or other referral service. There are also groups that will give you free legal services if you qualify. However, you are not required to hire a lawyer to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision.

Chapter 7 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Section 4.3 Which section of this chapter gives the details for your situation?

There are three different situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Since each situation has different rules and deadlines, we give the details for each one in a separate section:

- Section 5 of this chapter: "Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal"
- Section 6 of this chapter: "How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon"
- Section 7 of this chapter: "How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon" (*Applies only to these services*: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services)

If you're not sure which section you should be using, please call our member experience team. You can also get help or information from government organizations such as your SHIP.

SECTION 5 Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal of a coverage decision Section 5.1 This section tells what to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care or if you want us to pay you back for our share of the cost of your care

This section is about your benefits for medical care and services. These benefits are described in Chapter 4 of this document: *Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*. To keep things simple, we generally refer to "medical care coverage" or "medical care" which includes medical items and services as well as Medicare Part B prescription drugs. In some cases, different rules apply to a request for a Part B prescription drug. In those cases, we will explain how the rules for Part B prescription drugs are different from the rules for medical items and services.

This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the five following situations:

- 1. You are not getting certain medical care you want, and you believe that this care is covered by our plan. Ask for a coverage decision. Section 5.2.
- 2. Our plan will not approve the medical care your doctor or other medical provider wants to give you, and you believe that this care is covered by the plan. Ask for a coverage decision. Section 5.2.
- 3. You have received medical care that you believe should be covered by the plan, but we have said we will not pay for this care. **Make an Appeal. Section 5.3.**
- 4. You have received and paid for medical care that you believe should be covered by the plan, and you want to ask our plan to reimburse you for this care. **Send us the bill. Section 5.5.**

5. You are being told that coverage for certain medical care you have been getting that we previously approved will be reduced or stopped, and you believe that reducing or stopping this care could harm your health. Make an Appeal. Section 5.3.

Note: If the coverage that will be stopped is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services, you need to read Sections 6 and 7 of this Chapter. Special rules apply to these types of care.

Section 5.2 Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision

Legal Terms

When a coverage decision involves your medical care, it is called an "organization determination."

A "fast coverage decision" is called an "expedited determination."

Step 1: Decide if you need a "standard coverage decision" or a "fast coverage decision."

A "standard coverage decision" is usually made within 14 days or 72 hours for Part B drugs. A "fast coverage decision" is generally made within 72 hours, for medical services, or 24 hours for Part B drugs. In order to get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:

- You may only ask for coverage for medical care you have not yet received.
- You can get a fast coverage decision *only* if using the standard deadlines could *cause serious harm* to your health or hurt your ability to function.
- If your doctor tells us that your health requires a "fast coverage decision," we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.
- If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor's support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision. If we do not approve a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that:
 - o Explains that we will use the standard deadlines.
 - Explains if your doctor asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give you a fast coverage decision.
 - Explains that you can file a "fast complaint" about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested.

Step 2: Ask our plan to make a coverage decision or fast coverage decision.

• Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You, your doctor, or your representative can do this. Chapter 2 has contact information.

Step 3: We consider your request for medical care coverage and give you our answer.

For standard coverage decisions we use the standard deadlines.

This means we will give you an answer within 14 calendar days after we receive your request for a medical item or service. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will give you an answer within 72 hours after we receive your request.

- **However**, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a "fast complaint". We will give you an answer to your complaint as soon as we make the decision. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. See Section 9 of this chapter for information on complaints.)

For Fast Coverage decisions we use an expedited timeframe

A fast coverage decision means we will answer within 72 hours if your request is for a medical item or service. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will answer within 24 hours.

- However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more that may benefit you we can take up to 14 more days. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a "fast complaint". (See Section 9 of this chapter for information on complaints.) We will call you as soon as we make the decision.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no.

Step 4: If we say no to your request for coverage for medical care, you can appeal.

• If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider this decision by making an appeal. This means asking again to get the medical care coverage you want. If you make an appeal, it means you are going on to Level 1 of the appeals process.

Section 5.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal

Legal Terms

An appeal to the plan about a medical care coverage decision is called a plan "reconsideration."

A "fast appeal" is also called an "expedited reconsideration."

Step 1: Decide if you need a "standard appeal" or a "fast appeal."

A "standard appeal" is usually made within 30 days. A "fast appeal" is generally made within 72 hours.

- If you are appealing a decision we made about coverage for care that you have not yet received, you and/or your doctor will need to decide if you need a "fast appeal." If your doctor tells us that your health requires a "fast appeal," we will give you a fast appeal.
- The requirements for getting a "fast appeal" are the same as those for getting a "fast coverage decision" in Section 5.2 of this chapter.

Step 2: Ask our plan for an Appeal or a Fast Appeal

- If you are asking for a standard appeal, submit your standard appeal in writing. You may also ask for an appeal by calling us. Chapter 2 has contact information.
- If you are asking for a fast appeal, make your appeal in writing or call us. Chapter 2 has contact information.
- You must make your appeal request within 60 calendar days from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer on the coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, you must explain the reason your appeal is late in writing. We may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause may include a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.
- You can ask for a copy of the information regarding your medical decision. You and your doctor may add more information to support your appeal.

Step 3: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.

- When our plan is reviewing your appeal, we take a careful look at all of the information. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request.
- We will gather more information if needed, possibly contacting you or your doctor.

Deadlines for a "fast appeal"

- For fast appeals, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your appeal. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
 - O However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, we can take up to 14 more calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
 - o If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we are required to automatically send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an Independent Review Organization. Section 5.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you our decision in writing and automatically forward your appeal to the Independent Review Organization for a Level 2 appeal. The Independent Review Organization will notify you in writing when it receives your appeal.

Deadlines for a "standard" appeal

- For standard appeals, we must give you our answer within 30 calendar days after we receive your appeal. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug you have not yet received, we will give you our answer within seven calendar days after we receive your appeal. We will give you our decision sooner if your health condition requires us to.
 - O However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, we can take up to 14 more calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
 - o If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a "fast complaint." When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (See Section 9 of this chapter for more information on complaints.)
 - o If we do not give you an answer by the deadline (or by the end of the extended time period), we will send your request to a Level 2 appeal, where an Independent Review Organization will review the appeal. Section 5.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must authorize or provide the coverage within 30 calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service, or within seven calendar days if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If our plan says no to part or all of your appeal, we will automatically send your appeal to the Independent Review Organization for a Level 2 appeal.

Section 5.4 Step-by-step: How a Level 2 appeal is done

Legal Term

The formal name for the "Independent Review Organization" is the "Independent Review Entity." It is sometimes called the "IRE."

The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare. It is not connected with us and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

Step 1: The Independent Review Organization reviews your appeal.

- We will send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your "case file." You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.
- You have a right to give the Independent Review Organization additional information to support your appeal.
- Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

If you had a "fast" appeal at Level 1, you will also have a "fast" appeal at Level 2

- For the "fast appeal" the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal within 72 hours of when it receives your appeal.
- However, if your request is for a medical item or service and the Independent Review Organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, it can take up to 14 more calendar days.
 The Independent Review Organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

If you had a "standard" appeal at Level 1, you will also have a "standard" appeal at Level 2

- For the "standard appeal" if your request is for a medical item or service, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal within 30 calendar days of when it receives your appeal. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal within seven calendar days of when it receives your appeal.
- However, if your request is for a medical item or service and the Independent Review Organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, it can take up to 14 more calendar days.
 The Independent Review Organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

Step 2: The Independent Review Organization gives you their answer.

The Independent Review Organization will tell you its decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.

- If the review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a medical item or service, we must authorize the medical care coverage within 72 hours or provide the service within 14 calendar days after we receive the decision from the review organization for standard requests. For expedited requests, we have 72 hours from the date we receive the decision from the review organization.
- If the review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we must authorize or provide the Part B prescription drug within 72 hours after we receive the decision from the review organization for standard requests. For expedited requests we have 24 hours from the date we receive the decision from the review organization.
- If this organization says no to part or all of your appeal, it means they agree with us that your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care should not be approved. (This is called "upholding the decision" or "turning down your appeal.") In this case, the Independent Review Organization will send you a letter:
 - o Explaining its decision.
 - Notifying you of the right to a Level 3 appeal if the dollar value of the medical care coverage
 meets a certain minimum. The written notice you get from the Independent Review
 Organization will tell you the dollar amount you must meet to continue the appeals process.
 - o Telling you how to file a Level 3 appeal.

<u>Step 3:</u> If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter explains the Level 3, 4 and 5 appeals processes.

Section 5.5 What if you are asking us to pay you for our share of a bill you have received for medical care?

Chapter 5 describes when you may need to ask for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have received from a provider. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us for payment.

Asking for reimbursement is asking for a coverage decision from us

If you send us the paperwork asking for reimbursement, you are asking for a coverage decision. To make this coverage decision, we will check to see if the medical care you paid for is a covered service. We will also check to see if you followed all the rules for using your coverage for medical care.

- If we say yes to your request: If the medical care is covered and you followed all the rules, we will send you the payment for our share of the cost within 60 calendar days after we receive your request. If you haven't paid for the services, we will send the payment directly to the provider.
- If we say no to your request: If the medical care is not covered, or you did not follow all the rules, we will not send payment. Instead, we will send you a letter that says we will not pay for the services and the reasons why.

If you do not agree with our decision to turn you down, you can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the coverage decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

To make this appeal, follow the process for appeals that we describe in Section 5.3. For appeals concerning reimbursement, please note:

- We must give you our answer within 60 calendar days after we receive your appeal. If you are asking us to pay you back for medical care you have already received and paid for, you are not allowed to ask for a fast appeal.
- If the Independent Review Organization decides we should pay, we must send you or the provider the payment within 30 calendar days. If the answer to your appeal is yes at any stage of the appeals process after Level 2, we must send the payment you requested to you or to the provider within 60 calendar days.

SECTION 6 How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon

When you are admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all of your covered hospital services that are necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

During your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff will be working with you to prepare for the day when you will leave the hospital. They will also help arrange for care you may need after you leave.

- The day you leave the hospital is called your "discharge date."
- When your discharge date is decided, your doctor or the hospital staff will tell you.
- If you think you are being asked to leave the hospital too soon, you can ask for a longer hospital stay and your request will be considered.

Section 6.1 During your inpatient hospital stay, you will get a written notice from Medicare that tells about your rights

Within two days of being admitted to the hospital, you will be given a written notice called *An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights*. Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice. If you do not get the notice from someone at the hospital (for example, a caseworker or nurse), ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, please call our member experience team or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, seven days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

1. Read this notice carefully and ask questions if you don't understand it. It tells you:

- Your right to receive Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay, as ordered by your doctor. This includes the right to know what these services are, who will pay for them, and where you can get them.
- Your right to be involved in any decisions about your hospital stay.
- Where to report any concerns you have about the quality of your hospital care.
- Your right to request an immediate review of the decision to discharge you if you think you are being discharged from the hospital too soon. This is a formal, legal way to ask for a delay in your discharge date so that we will cover your hospital care for a longer time.

2. You will be asked to sign the written notice to show that you received it and understand your rights.

- You or someone who is acting on your behalf will be asked to sign the notice.
- Signing the notice shows *only* that you have received the information about your rights. The notice does not give your discharge date. Signing the notice **does** *not* **mean** you are agreeing on a discharge date.
- **3. Keep your copy** of the notice handy so you will have the information about making an appeal (or reporting a concern about quality of care) if you need it.
 - If you sign the notice more than two days before your discharge date, you will get another copy before you are scheduled to be discharged.
 - To look at a copy of this notice in advance, you can call our member experience team or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, seven days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You can also see the notice online at www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.

Section 6.2 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal to change your hospital discharge date

If you want to ask for your inpatient hospital services to be covered by us for a longer time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- Follow the process.
- Meet the deadlines.
- Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help at any time, please call our member experience team. Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance.

During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It checks to see if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you.

The **Quality Improvement Organization** is a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by the Federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing hospital discharge dates for people with Medicare. These experts are not part of our plan.

<u>Step 1:</u> Contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for an immediate review of your hospital discharge. You must act quickly.

How can you contact this organization?

• The written notice you received (An Important Message from Medicare About Your Rights) tells you how to reach this organization. (Or, find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2.

Act quickly:

- To make your appeal, you must contact the Quality Improvement Organization *before* you leave the hospital and **no later than midnight the day of your discharge.**
 - o If you meet this deadline, you may stay in the hospital *after* your discharge date *without* paying for it while you wait to get the decision from the Quality Improvement Organization.
 - o If you do *not* meet this deadline, and you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, *you may have to pay all of the costs* for hospital care you receive after your planned discharge date.
 - o If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, and you still wish to appeal, you must make an appeal directly to our plan instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 6.4.

- Once you request an immediate review of your hospital discharge the Quality Improvement
 Organization will contact us. By noon of the day after we are contacted we will give you a **Detailed**Notice of Discharge. This notice gives your planned discharge date and explains in detail the
 reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be
 discharged on that date.
- You can get a sample of the **Detailed Notice of Discharge** by calling our member experience team or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, seven days a week. (TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.) Or you can see a sample notice online at www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization ("the reviewers") will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- The reviewers will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that the hospital and we have given to them.
- By noon of the day after the reviewers told us of your appeal, you will get a written notice from us that gives your planned discharge date. This notice also explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

<u>Step 3:</u> Within one full day after it has all the needed information, the Quality Improvement Organization will give you its answer to your appeal.

What happens if the answer is yes?

- If the review organization says *yes*, we must keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as these services are medically necessary.
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered hospital services.

What happens if the answer is no?

- If the review organization says *no*, they are saying that your planned discharge date is medically appropriate. If this happens, **our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end** at noon on the day *after* the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.
- If the review organization says *no* to your appeal and you decide to stay in the hospital, then **you** may have to pay the full cost of hospital care you receive after noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.

Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

• If the Quality Improvement Organization has said *no* to your appeal, *and* you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make another appeal. Making another appeal means you are going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

Section 6.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal to change your hospital discharge date

During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at their decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your stay after your planned discharge date.

Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

• You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you stay in the hospital after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

• Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

<u>Step 3:</u> Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a Level 2 appeal, the reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

If the review organization says yes:

- We must reimburse you for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since noon on the day after the date your first appeal was turned down by the Quality Improvement Organization. We must continue providing coverage for your inpatient hospital care for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and coverage limitations may apply.

If the review organization says no:

- It means they agree with the decision they made on your Level 1 appeal.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process.

<u>Step 4:</u> If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further by going on to Level 3.

• There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.

• The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4 and 5 of the appeals process.

Section 6.4 What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 appeal?

Legal Term

A "fast review" (or "fast appeal") is also called an "expedited appeal".

You can appeal to us instead

As explained above, you must act quickly to start your Level 1 appeal of your hospital discharge. If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, there is another way to make your appeal.

If you use this other way of making your appeal, the first two levels of appeal are different.

Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 Alternate Appeal

Step 1: Contact us and ask for a "fast review."

• Ask for a "fast review." This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the "fast" deadlines rather than the "standard" deadlines. Chapter 2 has contact information.

<u>Step 2:</u> We do a "fast" review of your planned discharge date, checking to see if it was medically appropriate.

• During this review, we take a look at all of the information about your hospital stay. We check to see if your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. We see if the decision about when you should leave the hospital was fair and followed all the rules.

Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a "fast review".

- If we say yes to your appeal, it means we have agreed with you that you still need to be in the hospital after the discharge date. We will keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as they are medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)
- If we say no to your appeal, we are saying that your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. Our coverage for your inpatient hospital services ends as of the day we said coverage would end.
 - o If you stayed in the hospital *after* your planned discharge date, then **you may have to pay the full cost** of hospital care you received after the planned discharge date.

<u>Step 4:</u> If we say *no* to your appeal, your case will *automatically* be sent on to the next level of the appeals process.

Step-by-Step: Level 2 Alternate Appeal Process

Legal Term

The formal name for the "Independent Review Organization" is the "Independent Review Entity." It is sometimes called the "IRE."

The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare. It is not connected with our plan and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

Step 1: We will automatically forward your case to the Independent Review Organization.

• We are required to send the information for your Level 2 appeal to the Independent Review Organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. Section 9 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)

<u>Step 2:</u> The Independent Review Organization does a "fast review" of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.

- Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal of your hospital discharge.
- If this organization says yes to your appeal, then we must pay you back for our share of the costs of hospital care you received since the date of your planned discharge. We must also continue the plan's coverage of your inpatient hospital services for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover your services.
- If this organization says *no* to your appeal, it means they agree that your planned hospital discharge date was medically appropriate.
 - The written notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell how to start a Level 3 appeal review process, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

<u>Step 3:</u> If the Independent Review Organization turns down your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If reviewers say no to your Level 2 appeal, you decide whether to accept their decision or go on to Level 3 appeal.
- Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4 and 5 of the appeals process.

SECTION 7 How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon Section 7.1 This section is only about three services: Home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services

When you are getting home health services, skilled nursing care, or rehabilitation care (Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility), you have the right to keep getting your covered services for that type of care for as long as the care is needed to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

When we decide it is time to stop covering any of the three types of care for you, we are required to tell you in advance. When your coverage for that care ends, we will stop paying our share of the cost for your care.

If you think we are ending the coverage of your care too soon, **you can appeal our decision**. This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

Section 7.2 We will tell you in advance when your coverage will be ending

Legal Term

"Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage." It tells you how you can request a "fast-track appeal." Requesting a fast-track appeal is a formal, legal way to request a change to our coverage decision about when to stop your care.

- 1. You receive a notice in writing at least two days before our plan is going to stop covering your care. The notice tells you:
 - The date when we will stop covering the care for you.
 - How to request a "fast track appeal" to request us to keep covering your care for a longer period of time.
- 2. You, or someone who is acting on your behalf, will be asked to sign the written notice to show that you received it. Signing the notice shows *only* that you have received the information about when your coverage will stop. Signing it does not mean you agree with the plan's decision to stop care.

Section 7.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time

If you want to ask us to cover your care for a longer period of time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- Follow the process.
- Meet the deadlines.

• Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help at any time, please call our member experience team. Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance.

During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It decides if the end date for your care is medically appropriate.

The **Quality Improvement Organization** is a group of doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing plan decisions about when it's time to stop covering certain kinds of medical care. These experts are not part of our plan.

<u>Step 1:</u> Make your Level 1 appeal: contact the Quality Improvement Organization and ask for a *fast-track appeal*. You must act quickly.

How can you contact this organization?

• The written notice you received (*Notice of Medicare Non*-Coverage) tells you how to reach this organization. (Or, find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2.

Act quickly:

• You must contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your appeal by noon of the day before the effective date on the Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage.

Your deadline for contacting this organization.

• If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, and you still wish to file an appeal, you must make an appeal directly to us instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 7.5.

<u>Step 2:</u> The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

Legal Term

"Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage." Notice that provides details on reasons for ending coverage.

What happens during this review?

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization ("the reviewers") will ask you, or your representative, why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- The review organization will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that our plan has given to them.

By the end of the day the reviewers tell us of your appeal, you will get the **Detailed Explanation of** Non-Coverage from us that explains in detail our reasons for ending our coverage for your
 services.

<u>Step 3:</u> Within one full day after they have all the information they need, the reviewers will tell you their decision.

What happens if the reviewers say yes?

- If the reviewers say *yes* to your appeal, then we must keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). There may be limitations on your covered services.

What happens if the reviewers say no?

- If the reviewers say no, then your coverage will end on the date we have told you.
- If you decide to keep getting the home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* this date when your coverage ends, then you will have to pay the full cost of this care yourself.

Step 4: If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

• If reviewers say *no* to your Level 1 appeal – <u>and</u> you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended – then you can make a Level 2 appeal.

Section 7.4 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time

During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* the date when we said your coverage would end.

Step 1: Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

• You must ask for this review **within 60 days** after the day when the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you continued getting care after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

Step 2: The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

• Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

<u>Step 3:</u> Within 14 days of receipt of your appeal request, reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

What happens if the review organization says yes?

- We must reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. We must continue providing coverage for the care for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.

What happens if the review organization says no?

- It means they agree with the decision made to your Level 1 appeal.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

<u>Step 4:</u> If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4 and 5 of the appeals process.

Section 7.5 What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 appeal?

You can appeal to us instead

As explained above, you must act quickly to contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your first appeal (within a day or two, at the most). If you miss the deadline for contacting this organization, there is another way to make your appeal. If you use this other way of making your appeal, the first two levels of appeal are different.

Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 Alternate Appeal

Legal Term

A "fast review" (or "fast appeal") is also called an "expedited appeal".

Step 1: Contact us and ask for a "fast review."

• Ask for a "fast review." This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the "fast" deadlines rather than the "standard" deadlines. Chapter 2 has contact information.

<u>Step 2:</u> We do a "fast" review of the decision we made about when to end coverage for your services.

• During this review, we take another look at all of the information about your case. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we set the date for ending the plan's coverage for services you were receiving.

Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a "fast review".

- If we say yes to your appeal, it means we have agreed with you that you need services longer and will keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)
- If we say no to your appeal, then your coverage will end on the date we told you and we will not pay any share of the costs after this date.
- If you continued to get home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or
- Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* the date when we said your coverage would end, then **you will have to pay the full cost** of this care.

<u>Step 4:</u> If we say *no* to your fast appeal, your case will *automatically* go on to the next level of the appeals process.

Legal Term

The formal name for the "Independent Review Organization" is the "Independent Review Entity." It is sometimes called the "IRE."

Step-by-Step: Level 2 Alternate Appeal Process

• During the Level 2 appeal, the Independent Review Organization reviews the decision we made to your "fast appeal." This organization decides whether the decision should be changed. The Independent Review Organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare. This organization is not connected with our plan and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the Independent Review Organization. Medicare oversees its work.

Step 1: We automatically forward your case to the Independent Review Organization.

• We are required to send the information for your Level 2 appeal to the Independent Review Organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. Section 9 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)

<u>Step 2:</u> The Independent Review Organization does a "fast review" of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.

- Reviewers at the Independent Review Organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.
- If this organization says yes to your appeal, then we must pay you back for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. We must also continue to cover the care for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover services.
- If this organization says *no* to your appeal, it means they agree with the decision our plan made to your first appeal and will not change it.
 - o The notice you get from the Independent Review Organization will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to go on to a Level 3 appeal.

<u>Step 3:</u> If the Independent Review Organization says no to your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- A Level 3 appeal is reviewed by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 8 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4 and 5 of the appeals process.

SECTION 8 Taking your appeal to Level 3 and beyond

Section 8.1 Appeal Levels 3, 4 and 5 for Medical Service Requests

This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 appeal and a Level 2 appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the dollar value of the item or medical service you have appealed meets certain minimum levels, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar value is less than the minimum level, you cannot appeal any further. The written response you receive to your Level 2 appeal will explain how to make a Level 3 appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

Level 3 appeal An Administrative Law Judge or an attorney adjudicator who works for the Federal government will review your appeal and give you an answer.

- If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says yes to your appeal, the appeals process may or may not be over. Unlike a decision at a Level 2 appeal, we have the right to appeal a Level 3 decision that is favorable to you. If we decide to appeal it will go to a Level 4 appeal.
 - o If we decide *not* to appeal, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after receiving the Administrative Law Judge's or attorney adjudicator's decision.
 - o If we decide to appeal the decision, we will send you a copy of the Level 4 appeal request with any accompanying documents. We may wait for the Level 4 appeal decision before authorizing or providing the service in dispute.
- If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.
 - o If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - o If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 appeal.

Level 4 appeal The **Medicare Appeals Council** (Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the Federal government.

- If the answer is yes, or if the Council denies our request to review a favorable Level 3 appeal decision, the appeals process may or may not be over. Unlike a decision at Level 2, we have the right to appeal a Level 4 decision that is favorable to you. We will decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 5.
 - o If we decide *not* to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after receiving the Council's decision.
 - o If we decide to appeal the decision, we will let you know in writing.
- If the answer is no or if the Council denies the review request, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.
 - o If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
 - o If you do not want to accept the decision, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 appeal and how to continue with a Level 5 appeal.

Level 5 appeal A judge at the **Federal District Court** will review your appeal.

• A judge will review all of the information and decide *yes* or *no* to your request. This is a final answer. There are no more appeal levels after the Federal District Court.

MAKING COMPLAINTS

SECTION 9 How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns

Section 9.1 What kinds of problems are handled by the complaint process?

The complaint process is *only* used for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times and the customer service. Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

Complaint	Example		
Quality of your medical care	• Are you unhappy with the quality of the care you have received (including care in the hospital)?		
Respecting your privacy	• Did someone not respect your right to privacy or share confidential information?		
Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behaviors	 Has someone been rude or disrespectful to you? Are you unhappy with our member experience team? Do you feel you are being encouraged to leave the plan? 		
Waiting times	 Are you having trouble getting an appointment, or waiting too long to get it? Have you been kept waiting too long by doctors or other health professionals? Or by our member experience team or other staff at the plan? Examples include waiting too long on the phone, in the waiting or exam room 		
Cleanliness	 Are you unhappy with the cleanliness or condition of a clinic, hospital, or doctor's office? 		
Information you get from us	Did we fail to give you a required notice?Is our written information hard to understand?		

2023 Evidence of Coverage for Network Platinum*Plus*Chapter 7 What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Complaint	Example	
Timeliness (These types of complaints are all	If you already asked us for a coverage decision or made an appeal, and you think that we are not responding quickly enough, you can make a complaint about our slowness. Here are examples:	
related to the timeliness of our actions related to coverage decisions and appeals)	 You asked us for a "fast coverage decision" or a "fast appeal," and we have said no; you can make a complaint. You believe we are not meeting the deadlines for coverage decisions or appeals; you can make a complaint. You believe we are not meeting deadlines for covering or reimbursing you for certain medical services that were approved; you can make a complaint. You believe we failed to meet required deadlines for forwarding your case to the Independent Review Organization; you can make a complaint. 	

Section 9.2 How to make a complaint

Legal Terms

- A "Complaint" is also called a "grievance."
- "Making a complaint" is also called "filing a grievance."
- "Using the process for complaints" is also called "using the process for filing a grievance."
- A "fast complaint" is also called an "expedited grievance."

Section 9.3 Step-by-step: Making a complaint

Step 1: Contact us promptly - either by phone or in writing.

- Usually, calling our member experience team is the first step. If there is anything else you need to do, our member experience team will let you know.
- If you do not wish to call (or you called and were not satisfied), you can put your complaint in writing and send it to us. If you put your complaint in writing, we will respond to your complaint in writing.
- Send your grievance (complaint) in writing to Network Health Medicare Advantage Plans, Attn: Appeals and Grievances, PO Box 120, 1570 Midway Pl., Menasha, WI 54952, via fax at 920-720-1832, or phone by calling 800-378-5234 (TTY 800-947-3529).
- If you request a fast coverage determination or appeal and we deny your request, we will call you and send you a letter within 72 hours notifying you that your request will automatically follow the standard grievance and appeals process.
- The **deadline** for making a complaint is 60 calendar days from the time you had the problem you want to complain about.

Step 2: We look into your complaint and give you our answer.

- If possible, we will answer you right away. If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call.
- Most complaints are answered within 30 calendar days. If we need more information and the delay is in your best interest or if you ask for more time, we can take up to 14 more calendar days (44 calendar days total) to answer your complaint. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing.
- If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a "fast coverage decision" or a "fast appeal," we will automatically give you a "fast complaint." If you have a "fast complaint," it means we will give you an answer within 24 hours.
- If we do not agree with some or all of your complaint or don't take responsibility for the problem you are complaining about, we will include our reasons in our response to you.

Section 9.4 You can also make complaints about quality of care to the Quality Improvement Organization

When your complaint is about *quality of care*, you also have two extra options:

- You can make your complaint directly to the Quality Improvement Organization.
 - The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. Chapter 2 has contact information.

Or

• You can make your complaint to both the Quality Improvement Organization and us at the same time.

Section 9.5 You can also tell Medicare about your complaint

You can submit a complaint about Network Platinum*Plus* directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx. You may also call

1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY/TDD users can call 1-877-486-2048.

CHAPTER 8: Ending your membership in the plan

SECTION 1 Introduction to ending your membership in our plan

Ending your membership in Network Platinum*Plus* may be **voluntary** (your own choice) or **involuntary** (not your own choice):

- You might leave our plan because you have decided that you *want* to leave. Sections 2 and 3 provide information on ending your membership voluntarily.
- There are also limited situations where we are required to end your membership. Section 5 tells you about situations when we must end your membership.

If you are leaving our plan, our plan must continue to provide your medical care and you will continue to pay your cost share until your membership ends.

SECTION 2 When can you end your membership in our plan?

Section 2.1 You can end your membership during the Annual Enrollment Period

You can end your membership in our plan during the **Annual Enrollment Period** (also known as the "Annual Open Enrollment Period"). During this time, review your health and drug coverage and decide about coverage for the upcoming year.

- The Annual Enrollment Period is from October 15 to December 7.
- Choose to keep your current coverage or make changes to your coverage for the upcoming year. If you decide to change to a new plan, you can choose any of the following types of plans:
 - o Another Medicare health plan, with or without prescription drug coverage.
 - o Original Medicare with a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.

OR

- o Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
- Your membership will end when your new plan's coverage begins on January 1.

Section 2.2 You can end your membership during the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period

You have the opportunity to make *one* change to your health coverage during the **Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period**.

• The annual Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period is from January 1 to March 31.

- During the annual Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period you can:
 - o Switch to another Medicare Advantage Plan with or without prescription drug coverage.
 - Disenroll from our plan and obtain coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan at that time.
- Your membership will end on the first day of the month after you enroll in a different Medicare Advantage plan or we get your request to switch to Original Medicare. If you also choose to enroll in a Medicare prescription drug plan, your membership in the drug plan will begin the first day of the month after the drug plan gets your enrollment request.

Section 2.3 In certain situations, you can end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period

In certain situations, members of Network Platinum*Plus* may be eligible to end their membership at other times of the year. This is known as a **Special Enrollment Period**.

You may be eligible to end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period if any of the following situations apply to you. These are just examples, for the full list you can contact the plan, call Medicare, or visit the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov):

- Usually, when you have moved.
- If you have Wisconsin Medicaid.
- If we violate our contract with you.
- If you are getting care in an institution, such as a nursing home or long-term care (LTC) hospital.

The enrollment time periods vary depending on your situation.

To find out if you are eligible for a Special Enrollment Period, please call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, seven days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. If you are eligible to end your membership because of a special situation, you can choose to change both your Medicare health coverage and prescription drug coverage. You can choose:

- Another Medicare health plan with or without prescription drug coverage.
- Original Medicare with a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.

OR

• Original Medicare *without* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.

When will your membership end? Your membership will usually end on the first day of the month after your request to change your plan is received.

Section 2.4 Where can you get more information about when you can end your membership?

If you have any questions about ending your membership you can:

- Call our member experience team.
- Find the information in the *Medicare & You 2023* handbook.
- Contact **Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, seven days a week. (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

SECTION 3 How do you end your membership in our plan?

The table below explains how you should end your membership in our plan.

If you would like to switch from our plan to:	This is what you should do:
Another Medicare health plan.	 Enroll in the new Medicare health plan. You will automatically be disenrolled from Network Platinum<i>Plus</i> when your new plan's coverage begins.
Original Medicare <i>with</i> a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.	 Enroll in the new Medicare prescription drug plan. You will automatically be disenrolled from Network Platinum<i>Plus</i> when your new plan's coverage begins.
Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.	 Send us a written request to disenroll. Contact our member experience team if you need more information on how to do this. You can also contact Medicare, at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, seven days a week, and ask to be disenrolled. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You will be disenrolled from Network Platinum Plus when your coverage in Original Medicare begins.

Note: If you also have creditable prescription drug coverage (e.g., standalone PDP) and disenroll from that coverage, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later after going without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 days or more in a row.

SECTION 4 Until your membership ends, you must keep getting your medical services through our plan

Until your membership ends, and your new Medicare coverage begins, you must continue to get your medical care through our plan.

- Continue to use our in-network providers to receive medical care.
- If you are hospitalized on the day that your membership ends, your hospital stay will be covered by our plan until you are discharged (even if you are discharged after your new health coverage begins).

SECTION 5 Network Platinum Plus must end your membership in the plan in certain situations

Section 5.1 When must we end your membership in the plan?

Network Platinum Plus must end your membership in the plan if any of the following happen:

- If you no longer have Medicare Part A and Part B.
- If you move out of our service area.
- If you are away from our service area for more than six months.
 - o If you move or take a long trip, call our member experience team to find out if the place you are moving or traveling to is in our plan's area.
- If you become incarcerated (go to prison).
- If you are no longer a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States.
- If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you are enrolling in our plan and that information affects your eligibility for our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you continuously behave in a way that is disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you let someone else use your member ID card to get medical care. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
 - o If we end your membership because of this reason, Medicare may have your case investigated by the Inspector General.
- If you do not pay the plan premiums **and** your account balance is \$250.00 or more for three consecutive months.
 - We must notify you in writing that you have *three months* to pay the plan premium before we end your membership.

Where can you get more information?

If you have questions or would like more information on when we can end your membership call our member experience team.

Section 5.2 We cannot ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason

Network Platinum*Plus* is not allowed to ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason.

What should you do if this happens?

If you feel that you are being asked to leave our plan because of a health-related reason, you should call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) 24 hours a day, seven days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

Section 5.3 You have the right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan

If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership.

CHAPTER 9: Legal notices

SECTION 1 Notice about governing law

The principal law that applies to this *Evidence of Coverage* document is Title XVIII of the Social Security Act and the regulations created under the Social Security Act by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS. In addition, other Federal laws may apply and, under certain circumstances, the laws of the state you live in. This may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws are not included or explained in this document.

SECTION 2 Notice about non-discrimination

We don't discriminate based on race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, gender, age, sexual orientation, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area. All organizations that provide Medicare Advantage plans, like our plan, must obey Federal laws against discrimination, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 1557 of the Affordable Care Act, all other laws that apply to organizations that get Federal funding, and any other laws and rules that apply for any other reason.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment, please call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 (TTY 1-800-537-7697) or your local Office for Civil Rights. You can also review information from the Department of Health and Human Services' Office for Civil Rights at www.hhs.gov/ocr/index.

If you have a disability and need help with access to care, please call our member experience team. If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, our member experience team can help.

SECTION 3 Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights

We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare is not the primary payer. According to CMS regulations at 42 CFR sections 422.108 and 423.462, Network Platinum*Plus*, as a Medicare Advantage Organization, will exercise the same rights of recovery that the Secretary exercises under CMS regulations in subparts B through D of part 411 of 42 CFR and the rules established in this section supersede any State laws.

SECTION 4 Third Party Liabilities

As a member of Network Platinum Plus, you agree to assign to Network Health Insurance Corporation all rights and claims against any third party for recovery of medical, surgical or hospital care costs that Network Health Insurance Corporation pays or arranges to pay on your behalf. Network Health Insurance Corporation has the right of subrogation against third parties liable or responsible for medical, surgical or hospital care costs that Network Health Insurance Corporation arranges or pays on your behalf.

As a member of Network Platinum Plus, you agree to release any medical, surgical or hospital care expense-related claim you may have against a third party when Network Health Insurance Corporation settles or compromises the claim.

As a member of Network Platinum Plus, you must notify Network Health Insurance Corporation in writing within 31 days after the start of any legal proceedings against a third party. You may not enter into a proposed settlement, compromise, agreed judgement or release of claims against a third party without Network Health Insurance Corporation's written consent.

As a member of Network Platinum Plus, you agree to permit Network Health Insurance Corporation to participate or intervene in any legal proceeding against a third party at Network Health Insurance Corporation's own expense.

CHAPTER 10: Definitions of important words

Ambulatory Surgical Center – An Ambulatory Surgical Center is an entity that operates exclusively for the purpose of furnishing outpatient surgical services to patients not requiring hospitalization and whose expected stay in the center does not exceed 24 hours.

Annual Enrollment Period – The time period of October 15 until December 7 of each year when members can change their health or drug plans or switch to Original Medicare.

Appeal – An appeal is something you do if you disagree with our decision to deny a request for coverage of health care services or payment for services you already received. You may also make an appeal if you disagree with our decision to stop services that you are receiving.

Balance Billing — When a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills a patient more than the plan's allowed cost-sharing amount. As a member of Network Platinum*Plus*, you only have to pay our plan's cost-sharing amounts when you get services covered by our plan. We do not allow providers to "balance bill" or otherwise charge you more than the amount of cost sharing your plan says you must pay.

Calendar Year – each successive period of twelve (12) months starting on January 1 and ending on December 31.

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) – The Federal agency that administers Medicare.

Coinsurance – An amount you may be required to pay, expressed as a percentage (for example 20 percent) as your share of the cost for services.

Combined Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount – This is the most you will pay in a year for all Part A and Part B services from both network (preferred) providers and out-of-network (non-preferred) providers.

Complaint – The formal name for "making a complaint" is "filing a grievance." The complaint process is used *only* for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. It also includes complaints if your plan does not follow the time periods in the appeal process.

Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) – A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness or injury, including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy and speech-language pathology services, and home environment evaluation services.

Copayment – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for a medical service or supply, like a doctor's visit, hospital outpatient visit, or a prescription. A copayment is a set amount (for example \$10), rather than a percentage.

Cost Sharing – Cost sharing refers to amounts that a member has to pay when services are received. (This is in addition to the plan's monthly premium.) Cost sharing includes any combination of the following three types of payments: (1) any deductible amount a plan may impose before services are covered; (2) any fixed "copayment" amount that a plan requires when a specific service is received; or (3) any "coinsurance" amount, a percentage of the total amount paid for a service, that a plan requires when a specific service is received.

Covered Services – The term we use in this EOC to mean all of the health care services and supplies that are covered by our plan.

Creditable Prescription Drug Coverage – Prescription drug coverage (for example, from an employer or union) that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. People who have this kind of coverage when they become eligible for Medicare can generally keep that coverage without paying a penalty, if they decide to enroll in Medicare prescription drug coverage later.

Critical Access Hospital – A rural acute care facility providing 24-hour emergency services, acute inpatient and swing-bed care.

Custodial Care – Custodial care is personal care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you do not need skilled medical care or skilled nursing care. Custodial care provided by people who do not have professional skills or training, includes help with activities of daily living like bathing, dressing, eating, getting in or out of a bed or chair, moving around, and using the bathroom. It may also include the kind of health-related care that most people do themselves, like using eye drops. Medicare doesn't pay for custodial care.

Deductible – The amount you must pay for health care before our plan pays.

Disenroll or **Disenrollment** – The process of ending your membership in our plan.

Durable Medical Equipment (DME) – Certain medical equipment that is ordered by your doctor for medical reasons. Examples include walkers, wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, or hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home.

Emergency – A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

Emergency Care – Covered services that are: 1) provided by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services; and 2) needed to treat, evaluate, or stabilize an emergency medical condition.

Evidence of Coverage (EOC) and Disclosure Information – This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, riders, or other optional coverage selected, which explains your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you have to do as a member of our plan.

Grievance – A type of complaint you make about our plan or providers including a complaint concerning the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes.

Home Health Aide – A person who provides services that do not need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (e.g., bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises).

Hospice – A benefit that provides special treatment for a member who has been medically certified as terminally ill, meaning having a life expectancy of six months or less. We, your plan, must provide you with a list of hospices in your geographic area. If you elect hospice and continue to pay premiums you are still a member of our plan. You can still obtain all medically necessary services as well as the supplemental benefits we offer.

Hospital Inpatient Stay – A hospital stay when you have been formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an "outpatient."

Initial Enrollment Period – When you are first eligible for Medicare, the period of time when you can sign up for Medicare Part A and Part B. If you're eligible for Medicare when you turn 65, your Initial Enrollment Period is the 7-month period that begins three months before the month you turn 65, includes the month you turn 65, and ends three months after the month you turn 65.

In-Network Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount – The most you will pay for covered Part A and Part B services received from network (preferred) providers. After you have reached this limit, you will not have to pay anything when you get covered services from in-network providers for the rest of the contract year. However, until you reach your combined out-of-pocket amount, you must continue to pay your share of the costs when you seek care from an out-of-network (non-preferred) provider.

In-Network Pharmacy – An in-network pharmacy is a pharmacy where members of our plan can get their prescription drug benefits. We call them "in-network pharmacies" because they contract with our plan. In most cases, your prescriptions are covered only if they are filled at one of our in-network pharmacies.

In-Network Provider – "Provider" is the general term for doctors, other health care professionals, hospitals, and other health care facilities that are licensed or certified by Medicare and by the State to provide health care services. "**In-network providers**" have an agreement with our plan to accept our payment as payment in full, and in some cases to coordinate as well as provide covered services to members of our plan. In-network providers are also called "plan providers."

Medicaid (or Medical Assistance) – A joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with low incomes and limited resources. State Medicaid programs vary, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid.

Medically Necessary – Services, supplies, or drugs that are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice. Health care services or supplies are considered medically necessary when they meet these requirements:

- a) Are necessary to identify, diagnose or treat a bodily injury or illness;
- b) Are consistent with your diagnosis in accord with generally accepted standards of the medical community;
- c) Are provided in the least intense, most cost-effective setting or manner needed for your bodily injury or illness.

Medicare – The Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant).

Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period – The time period from January 1 until March 31 when members in a Medicare Advantage plan can cancel their plan enrollment and switch to another Medicare Advantage plan or obtain coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan at that time. The Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period is also available for a 3-month period after an individual is first eligible for Medicare.

Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan – Sometimes called Medicare Part C. A plan offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide you with all your Medicare Part A and Part B benefits. A Medicare Advantage Plan can be an i) HMO, ii) PPO, a iii) Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) plan, or a iv) Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) plan. Besides choosing from these types of plans, a Medicare Advantage HMO or PPO plan can also be a Special Needs Plan (SNP) In most cases, Medicare Advantage Plans also offer Medicare Part D (prescription drug coverage). These plans are called Medicare Advantage Plans with Prescription Drug Coverage.

Medicare-Covered Services – Services covered by Medicare Part A and Part B. All Medicare health plans must cover all of the services that are covered by Medicare Part A and B. The term Medicare-Covered Services does not include the extra benefits, such as vision, dental or hearing, that a Medicare Advantage plan may offer.

Medicare Health Plan – A Medicare health plan is offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide Part A and Part B benefits to people with Medicare who enroll in the plan. This term includes all Medicare Advantage Plans, Medicare Cost Plans, Special Needs Plans, Demonstration/Pilot Programs, and Programs of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

"Medigap" (Medicare Supplement Insurance) Policy – Medicare supplement insurance sold by private insurance companies to fill "gaps" in Original Medicare. Medigap policies only work with Original Medicare. (A Medicare Advantage Plan is not a Medigap policy.)

Member (Member of our Plan, or "Plan Member") – A person with Medicare who is eligible to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).

Member Experience Team – A department within our plan responsible for answering your questions about your membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals.

Observation Services – Observation services are hospital outpatient services given to help the doctor decide if the patient needs to be admitted as an inpatient or can be discharged. Observation services may be given in the emergency department or another area of the hospital.

Optional Supplemental Benefits – Non-Medicare-covered benefits that can be purchased for an additional premium and are not included in your package of benefits. You must voluntarily elect Optional Supplemental Benefits in order to get them.

Organization Determination – A decision our plan makes about whether items or services are covered or how much you have to pay for covered items or services. Organization determinations are called "coverage decisions" in this document.

Original Medicare ("Traditional Medicare" or "Fee-for-service" Medicare) – Original Medicare is offered by the government, and not a private health plan such as Medicare Advantage Plans and prescription drug plans. Under Original Medicare, Medicare services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers payment amounts established by Congress. You can see any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. You must pay the deductible. Medicare pays its share of the Medicare-approved amount, and you pay your share. Original Medicare has two parts: Part A (Hospital Insurance) and Part B (Medical Insurance) and is available everywhere in the United States.

Out-of-Network Pharmacy – A pharmacy that doesn't have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered drugs to members of our plan. As explained in this Evidence of Coverage, most drugs you get from out-of-network pharmacies are not covered by our plan unless certain conditions apply.

Out-of-Network Provider or Out-of-Network Facility – A provider or facility that does not have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered services to members of our plan. Out-of-network providers are providers that are not employed, owned, or operated by our plan.

Out-of-Pocket Costs – See the definition for "cost sharing" above. A member's cost-sharing requirement to pay for a portion of services received is also referred to as the member's "out-of-pocket" cost requirement.

Over-the-Counter (OTC) – Drugs and health-related products that do not need a prescription.

PACE plan – A PACE (Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly) plan combines medical, social, and long-term care (LTC) services for frail people to help people stay independent and living in their community (instead of moving to a nursing home) as long as possible. People enrolled in PACE plans receive both their Medicare and Medicaid benefits through the plan.

Part C – see "Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan."

Part D – The voluntary Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit Program.

Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) Plan – A Preferred Provider Organization plan is a Medicare Advantage Plan that has a network of contracted providers that have agreed to treat plan members for a specified payment amount. A PPO plan must cover all plan benefits whether they are received from network or out-of-network providers. Member cost sharing will generally be higher when plan benefits are received from out-of-network providers. PPO plans have an annual limit on your out-of-pocket costs for services received from network (preferred) providers and a higher limit on your total combined out-of-pocket costs for services from both in-network (preferred) and out-of-network (non-preferred) providers.

Premium – The periodic payment to Medicare, an insurance company, or a health care plan for health or prescription drug coverage.

Primary Care Provider (PCP) – The doctor or other provider you see first for most health problems. In many Medicare health plans, you must see your primary care provider before you see any other health care provider.

Prior Authorization – Approval in advance to get covered services. In the network portion of a PPO, some in-network medical services are covered only if your doctor or other in-network provider gets "prior authorization" from our plan. In a PPO, you do not need prior authorization to obtain out-of-network services. However, you may want to check with the plan before obtaining services from out-of-network providers to confirm that the service is covered by your plan and what your cost-sharing responsibility is. Covered services that need prior authorization are marked in the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4.

Prosthetics and Orthotics – Medical devices including, but are not limited to, arm, back and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy.

Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) – A group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients.

Rehabilitation Services – These services include physical therapy, speech and language therapy, and occupational therapy.

Self-Administered Drugs (SADs) – Medications that you would normally take on your own, such as medications to control blood pressure or diabetes.

Service Area – A geographic area where you must live to join a particular health plan. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it's also generally the area where you can get routine (non-emergency) services. The plan must disenroll you if you permanently move out of the plan's service area.

Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Care – Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of care include physical therapy or intravenous injections that can only be given by a registered nurse or doctor.

Special Enrollment Period – A set time when members can change their health or drug plans or return to Original Medicare. Situations in which you may be eligible for a Special Enrollment Period include: if you move outside the service area, if you move into a nursing home, or if we violate our contract with you.

Special Needs Plan – A special type of Medicare Advantage Plan that provides more focused health care for specific groups of people, such as those who have both Medicare and Medicaid, who reside in a nursing home, or who have certain chronic medical conditions.

Step Therapy – A utilization tool that requires you to first try another Part B covered drug to treat your medical condition before we will cover the Part B drug your physician may have initially prescribed.

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) – A monthly benefit paid by Social Security to people with limited income and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and older. SSI benefits are not the same as Social Security benefits.

Urgently Needed Services – Covered services that are not emergency services, provided when the innetwork providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible or when the enrollee is out of the service area. For example, you need immediate care during the weekend. Services must be immediately needed and medically necessary.

Network Platinum Plus Member Experience Team

Method	Member Experience Team – Contact Information		
CALL	800-378-5234		
	Calls to this number are free. Monday – Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.		
	Our member experience team also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers.		
TTY	800-947-3529		
	This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.		
	Calls to this number are free. Monday – Friday from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.		
FAX	920-720-1905		
WRITE	Network Health Medicare Advantage Plans		
	PO Box 120		
	1570 Midway Pl.		
	Menasha, WI 54952		
WEBSITE	networkhealth.com		

Wisconsin SHIP

Wisconsin SHIP is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

Method	Contact Information
CALL	1-800-242-1060
WRITE	Wisconsin State Health Insurance Assistance Program 1402 Pankratz Street, Suite 111 Madison, WI 53704-4001
WEBSITE	https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/benefit-specialists/medicare-counseling.htm

PRA Disclosure Statement According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0938-1051. If you have comments or suggestions for improving this form, please write to: CMS, 7500 Security Boulevard, Attn: PRA Reports Clearance Officer, Mail Stop C4-26-05, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850.

Multi-Language Insert - REQUIRED INFORMATION

Multi-language Interpreter Services

English: We have free interpreter services to answer any questions you may have about our health or drug plan. To get an interpreter, just call us at 800-378-5234 (TTY 800-947-3529). Someone who speaks English/Language can help you. This is a free service.

Spanish: Tenemos servicios de intérprete sin costo alguno para responder cualquier pregunta que pueda tener sobre nuestro plan de salud o medicamentos. Para hablar con un intérprete, por favor llame al 800-378-5234 (TTY 800-947-3529). Alguien que hable español le podrá ayudar. Este es un servicio gratuito.

Chinese Mandarin: 我们提供免费的翻译服务,帮助您解答关于健康或药物保险的任何疑问。如果您需要此翻译服务,请致电 800-378-5234 (TTY 800-947-3529)。我们的中文工作人员很乐意帮助您。这是一项免费服务。

Chinese Cantonese: 您對我們的健康或藥物保險可能存有疑問,為此我們提供免費的翻譯服務。如需翻譯服務,請致電 800-378-5234 (TTY 800-947-3529)。我們講中文的人員將樂意為您提供幫助。這是一項免費服務。

Tagalog: Mayroon kaming libreng serbisyo sa pagsasaling-wika upang masagot ang anumang mga katanungan ninyo hinggil sa aming planong pangkalusugan o panggamot. Upang makakuha ng tagasaling-wika, tawagan lamang kami sa 800-378-5234 (TTY 800-947-3529). Maaari kayong tulungan ng isang nakakapagsalita ng Tagalog. Ito ay libreng serbisyo.

French: Nous proposons des services gratuits d'interprétation pour répondre à toutes vos questions relatives à notre régime de santé ou d'assurance-médicaments. Pour accéder au service d'interprétation, il vous suffit de nous appeler au 800-378-5234 (TTY 800-947-3529). Un interlocuteur parlant Français pourra vous aider. Ce service est gratuit.

Vietnamese: Chúng tôi có dịch vụ thông dịch miễn phí để trả lời các câu hỏi về chương sức khỏe và chương trình thuốc men. Nếu quí vị cần thông dịch viên xin gọi 800-378-5234 (TTY 800-947-3529) sẽ có nhân viên nói tiếng Việt giúp đỡ quí vị. Đây là dịch vụ miễn phí.

German: Unser kostenloser Dolmetscherservice beantwortet Ihren Fragen zu unserem Gesundheits- und Arzneimittelplan. Unsere Dolmetscher erreichen Sie unter 800-378-5234 (TTY 800-947-3529). Man wird Ihnen dort auf Deutsch weiterhelfen. Dieser Service ist kostenlos.

Korean: 당사는 의료 보험 또는 약품 보험에 관한 질문에 답해 드리고자 무료 통역 서비스를 제공하고 있습니다. 통역 서비스를 이용하려면 전화 800-378-5234 (TTY 800-947-3529) 번으로 문의해 주십시오. 한국어를 하는 담당자가 도와 드릴 것입니다. 이 서비스는 무료로 운영됩니다.

Russian: Если у вас возникнут вопросы относительно страхового или медикаментного плана, вы можете воспользоваться нашими бесплатными услугами переводчиков. Чтобы воспользоваться услугами переводчика, позвоните нам по телефону 5234-378-800 (ТТҮ 3529-947-800). Вам окажет помощь сотрудник, который говорит по-русски. Данная услуга бесплатная.

Arabic: إننا نقدم خدمات المترجم الفوري المجانية للإجابة عن أي أسئلة تتعلق بالصحة أو جدول الأدوية لدينا. للحصول ينا على سيقوم شخص ما (352-947-900 47-3529 على مترجم فوري، ليس عليك سوى الاتصال بنا على سيقوم شخص ما (47-3529-940-947).

Hindi: हमारे स्वास्थ्य या दवा की योजना के बारे में आपके किसी भी प्रश्न के जवाब देने के लिए हमारे पास मुफ्त दुभाषिया सेवाएँ उपलब्ध हैं. एक दुभाषिया प्राप्त करने के लिए, बस हमें 800-378-5234 (TTY 800-947-3529) पर फोन करें. कोई व्यक्ति जो हिन्दी बोलता है आपकी मदद कर सकता है. यह एक मुफ्त सेवा है.

Italian: È disponibile un servizio di interpretariato gratuito per rispondere a eventuali domande sul nostro piano sanitario e farmaceutico. Per un interprete, contattare il numero 800-378-5234 (TTY 800-947-3529). Un nostro incaricato che parla Italianovi fornirà l'assistenza necessaria. È un servizio gratuito.

Portugués: Dispomos de serviços de interpretação gratuitos para responder a qualquer questão que tenha acerca do nosso plano de saúde ou de medicação. Para obter um intérprete, contactenos através do número 800-378-5234 (TTY 800-947-3529). Irá encontrar alguém que fale o idioma Português para o ajudar. Este serviço é gratuito.

French Creole: Nou genyen sèvis entèprèt gratis pou reponn tout kesyon ou ta genyen konsènan plan medikal oswa dwòg nou an. Pou jwenn yon entèprèt, jis rele nou nan 800-378-5234 (TTY 800-947-3529). Yon moun ki pale Kreyòl kapab ede w. Sa a se yon sèvis ki gratis.

Polish: Umożliwiamy bezpłatne skorzystanie z usług tłumacza ustnego, który pomoże w uzyskaniu odpowiedzi na temat planu zdrowotnego lub dawkowania leków. Aby skorzystać z pomocy tłumacza znającego język polski, należy zadzwonić pod numer 800-378-5234 (TTY 800-947-3529). Ta usługa jest bezpłatna.

Japanese: 当社の健康 健康保険と薬品 処方薬プランに関するご質問にお答えするために、無料の通訳サービスがありますございます。通訳をご用命になるには、800-378-5234 (TTY 800-947-3529) にお電話ください。日本語を話す人 者 が支援いたします。これは無料のサー ビスです。

Hmong: Peb muaj cov kev pab cuam kws txhais lus pab dawb los teb tej lus nug uas koj muaj hais txog peb li kev noj qab hauv huv los sis lub phiaj xwm tshuaj kho mob. Kom tau txais kws txhais lus pab dawb, tsuas yog hu rau peb ntawm tus xov tooj 800-378-5234 (TTY 800-947-3529). Qee tus neeg uas hais Askiv/Yam Lus koj paub tuaj yeem pab tau rau koj. Qhov no yog kev pab dawb.



NOTICE OF UPDATE

Please reference the details found below regarding important information related to changes in Medicare Advantage coverage, as a result of the Inflation Reduction Act (IRA) enacted on August 16, 2022. These updates impact Medicare Part B prescription drug coverage and Medicare Part B insulin coverage. Here is a quick summary of the updates.

- 1. Beginning April 1, 2023, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) is starting a new Inflation Rebate Program impacting certain Part B drugs.
 - This new drug law requires drug companies to pay a rebate if they raise their prices for certain drugs faster than the rate of inflation. You may see lower out-of-pocket costs for certain Part B drugs and biologics with prices that have increased faster than the rate of inflation. For these drugs and biologicals, your coinsurance will be 20 percent of the inflation-adjusted payment amount, which will be less than what you would pay in coinsurance otherwise.
- 2. Beginning July 1, 2023, you may see lower out-of-pocket costs for insulin delivered by an item of durable medical equipment. You will also not pay more than \$35 for a one-month supply of each insulin product covered by your plan.

Where you can find the current language in the 2023 Annual Notice of Change	Original information	Updated information	What does this mean for you?
Section 3, Administrative Changes	There was no administrative change listed for Medicare Part B prescription drug or Part B insulin changes.	20% of the cost for each Medicare-covered Part B and chemotherapy drug. Effective April 1, 2023, Part B rebatable drugs will not exceed the coinsurance amount of the original Medicare adjusted coinsurance for the Part B rebatable drug. Effective July 1, 2023, a \$35 copayment for a one-month supply of Part B insulin.	Starting April 1, 2023, some Part B rebatable drugs may result in a lower coinsurance of 20%. Starting July 1, 2023, for Part B insulin you will not pay more than a \$35 copayment for a one-month supply.



NOTICE OF UPDATE

On February 16, 2023, we received notification from the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) of a National Coverage Determination update providing a better benefit to our members, aligning with U.S. Preventive Services Task Force recommendations. This update reduces the minimum age for preventive colorectal cancer screening tests from 50 to 45 years. In addition, the update also expands the definition of colorectal cancer screening tests to include a follow-up screening colonoscopy after a Medicare-covered non-invasive stool-based test returns a positive result.

Where you can find the current language in the 2023 Evidence of Coverage	Original information	Updated information	What does this mean for you?
Chapter 4 Medical Benefits Chart, under the section "Colorectal cancer screening" your Evidence of Coverage lists the services as follows.	For people 50 and older, the following are covered:	For people 45 and older, the following are covered: Includes a follow-up screening colonoscopy after a Medicare-covered non-invasive stool-based test returns a positive result.	If you are 45 and older, schedule your preventive colorectal cancer screening.